VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Scheme of Teaching and Examinations2021 Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

	MESTER				_	Teaching	; Hours /	Week			Exam	ination		
SI. No	Course ar Course Co			Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	T Lecture	⊥ Tutorial	ط Practical/ Drawing	ω Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC 21MAT31			form Calculus, Fourier Series umerical Techniques	Maths	3	0	0	3	03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS32			Structures and Applications		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS33		Analo	g and Digital Electronics	Any CS Board	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	2
4	PCC 21CS34			uter Organization and ecture	Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL35		Objec	t Oriented Programming with Laboratory		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	UHV 21UH36			Connect and Responsibility	Any Department	0	0	1		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KSK37/	47	Samsl	krutika Kannada										1
7	HSMC 21KBK37/		Balake	e Kannada	TD and PSB:	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21CIP37/4	17		OR itution of India and ssional Ethics	HSMC									
8	AEC 21CS38X/ CSL38X			/ Enhancement Course - III	TD: Concerned department PSB: Concerned Board	1	0	eory Cor 0 ab. cour 2		01	50	50	100	:
						0	Ŭ	2		Total	400	400	800	1
	for is		NMDC National Service Scheme 21NS83 (NSS)		NSS	All students have to register for any one of the course nar National Service Scheme, Physical Education (PE)(Sports Athletics) and Yoga with the concerned coordinator of the co							an ours	
9	activities for semesters		MDC PE83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PE	during the first week of III semester. The ac out from (for 5 semesters) between III sem SEE in the above courses shall be conducte examinations and the accumulated CIE mark					III seme nducted	mester to VIII sem ed during VIII sem		
	Scheduled a III to VIII s		VDC YO83	Yoga	Yoga	SEE ma mandate The eve	rks. S ory for t nts shal all be re	uccessfu he aware I be appi	I com d of th ropriat	npletion le degree tely sche	of the e. eduled b	registe y the co	e added to red cour olleges an ne NSS, PB	se d th
		(Course	prescribed to lateral entry	/ Diploma holders ad			mester	B.E./	B.Tech	prograr	ns		_
1	NCMC 21MATDIP	31		Additional Mathematics - I	Maths	02	02				100		100	C
ocia –Le eac 1KS	al Science & ecture, T – hing Depar	Ma Tuto tmer nskr	nageme orial, P- nt, PSB : utika Ka	ourse, IPCC: Integrated Profe ent Courses, AEC-Ability Enhan Practical/ Drawing, S – Self S Paper Setting department annada is for students who sp ts.	ncement Courses. UHV tudy Component, CIE:	: Universa Continuo	l Huma us Inter	n Value (nal Evalu	Course	e. , SEE: Se	emester	End Exa	amination). TI
n te an l y C	grated Prof be 04 and it IE and SEE.	essic s Te The	onal Cor aching- practica	re Course (IPCC): Refers to Pro- -Learning hours (L : T : P) can al part shall be evaluated by o ore details, the regulation go	be considered as (3 : (nly CIE (no SEE). How	0 : 2) or (2 ever, ques	: 2 : 2). stions fr	The the om the p	ory pa practic	art of the al part c	e IPCC sl of IPCC s	hall be e hall be i	valuated	bot n tł

21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship: All the students admitted to engineering programs under the lateral entry category shall have to undergo a mandatory 21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship of 03 weeks during the intervening period of III and IV semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the IV semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements. The faculty coordinator or mentor shall monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them for the successful completion of the internship.

Non-credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

(A) Additional Mathematics I and II:

(1) These courses are prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., programs. They shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(B) National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they have to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.

(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

	Ability Enhancement Course - III							
21CSL381	Mastering Office	21CS383						
21CS382	Programming in C++	21CS384						

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IV SE	MESTER	(Effective fi	rom the academi	c year 2	2021 -	· 22)						
10 31				Теа	ching	Hours /W	/eek		Exam	ination	_	
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	. Theory Lecture	I Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC 21CS41	Mathematical Foundations for Computing	Maths	L 2	т 2	Р 0	S	03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS43	Microcontroller and Embedded Systems	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS44	Operating Systems		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	AEC 21BE45	Biology For Engineers	BT, CHE, PHY	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
6	PCC 21CSL46	Python Programming Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/47 HSMC 21KBK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada Balake Kannada		1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	OR Constitution of India & Professional Ethics	_	If offo								
8	AEC 21CS48X/21C SL48X	Ability Enhancement Course- IV	TD and PSB: Concerned department	1	0	theory 0 0 as lab. co 2		01	50	50	100	1
9	UHV 21UH49	Universal Human Values	Any Department	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
10	INT 21INT49	Inter/Intra Institutional Internship	Evaluation By the appropriate authorities	and studer year during period semes	ening III s nts ad of Bl g the g the d of sters b nts ad	during period semester mitted f E./B.Tec e inter III ar y Latera dmitted	of II rs by to first h and vening nd IV I entry	3	100		100	2
		•						Total	550	450	1000	22
	C			- + had + -		macter	of Fact					
1	NCMC	urse prescribed to lateral entry Diplo Additional Mathematics - II	Maths	02	0111 se	mester	OT ENGI	neering	100 100		100	0
Note HSM	C: Humanity and	 ence Course, IPCC: Integrated Professior Social Science and Management Courses	l nal Core Course, P , UHV- Universal Hi	CC: Prot uman Va	fessior alue Co	nal Core ourses.			Ability E		nent Cou	
21KS read	K37/47 Samskruing, and writing s	al, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Co tika Kannada is for students who speak, r tudents. al Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professic	read and write Kan	nada an	d 21K	3K37/47	Balake	Kannada	a is for n	on-Kann	ada spea	_

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical's of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

Non – credit mandatory course (NCMC):

Additional Mathematics - II:

(1) Lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., shall attend the classes during the IV semester to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfil the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the course Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

Ability Enhancement Course - IV									
21CSL481	Web Programming	21CSL483	R Programming						
21CS482	Unix Shell Programming	21CS484							

Internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters; 21INT68 Innovation/ Entrepreneurship/ Societal based Internship.

(1) All the students shall have to undergo a mandatory internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the VI semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be considered under F (fail) grade and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements.

(2) Innovation/ Entrepreneurship Internship shall be carried out at industry, State and Central Government /Non-government organizations (NGOs), micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME), Innovation centers or Incubation centers. Innovation need not be a single major breakthrough; it can also be a series of small or incremental changes. Innovation of any kind can also happen outside of the business world.

Entrepreneurship internships offers a chance to gain hands on experience in the world of entrepreneurship and helps to learn what it takes to run a small entrepreneurial business by performing intern duties with an established company. This experience can then be applied to future business endeavours. Start-ups and small companies are a preferred place to learn the business tack ticks for future entrepreneurs as learning how a small business operates will serve the intern well when he/she manages his/her own company. Entrepreneurship acts as a catalyst to open the minds to creativity and innovation. Entrepreneurship internship can be from several sectors, including technology, small and medium-sized, and the service sector.

(3) Societal or social internship.

Urbanization is increasing on a global scale; and yet, half the world's population still resides in rural areas and is devoid of many things that urban population enjoy. Rural internship, is a work-based activity in which students will have a chance to solve/reduce the problems of the rural place for better living.

As proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, activities under Societal or social internship, particularly in rural areas, shall be considered for 40 points under AICTE activity point programme.

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	MESTER			Teachi	ng Hours	/Week		1	Fyami	nation		Т
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)		Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			ă	L	т	Р	S				-	
1	BSC 21CS51	Automata Theory and compiler Design		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS52	Computer Networks		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21CS53	Database Management Systems	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PCC 21AI54	Principles of Artificial Intelligence		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL55	Database Management System Laboratory with Mini Project		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	AEC 21XX56	Research Methodology & Intellectual Property Rights	TD: Any Department PSB: As identified by university	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
7	HSMC 21CIV57	Environmental Studies	TD: Civil/ Environmental /Chemistry/ Biotech. PSB: Civil Engg	1	0	0		1	50	50	100	1
	AEC			If offe	ered as T	Theory c	ourses	01				
8	21CS58X/21	Ability Enhancement Course-V	Concerned	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
5	CSL58X		Board			s lab. cou	urses	02	50	50	100	
				0	0	2						
		Δ1	oility Enhanceme	ont Cours	o _ IV			Total	400	400	800	18
2100	SL581 Angular	Js and Node Js		21CS583	e - IV							
	Ŭ	Net Framework		21CS585	-							

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, AEC – Ability Enhancement Course INT – Internship, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). Theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

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			~	Teaching	Hours	/Week			Exami	nation		
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			0	L	т	Р	S	_				
1	HSMC 21CS61	Software Engineering & Project Management		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21AD62	Data Science and its Applications	Any CS Board	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21AI63	Machine Learning	Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PEC 21XX64x	Professional Elective Course-I		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	OEC 21XX65x	Open Elective Course-I	Concerned Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
6	PCC 21AIL66	Machine Learning Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	MP 21ADMP67	Mini Project		Two con interacti faculty a	on bet	ween th			100	-	100	2
8	INT 21INT68	Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal Internship	Completed durin and V semesters	-	rvenin	g period	of IV		100		100	3
	•	· · ·	·					Total	500	300	800	22

	Professional Elective - I									
21AI641	Business Intelligence	21AI643	Natural Language Processing							
21CS642	Advanced JAVA Programming	21AD644	Data Security and Privacy							

	Open Electives – I offered by the Department to other Department students									
21CS651	Introduction to Data Structures	21CS653	Introduction to Cyber Security							
21CS652	Introduction to Database Management Systems	21CS654	Programming in JAVA							

Note: HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC–Open Elective Course, MP – Mini Project, INT – Internship.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P - Practical / Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech) 2021-22 may be referred.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC):

A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course out of five courses. The minimum students' strength for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Open Elective Courses:

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled for the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor.

Selection of an open elective shall not be allowed if,

(i) The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the program.

(ii) The syllabus content of open electives is similar to that of the Departmental core courses or professional electives.

(iii) A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the program.

In case, any college is desirous of offering a course (not included in the Open Elective List of the University) from streams such as Law, Business (MBA), Medicine, Arts, Commerce, etc., can seek permission, at least one month before the commencement of the semester, from the University by

submitting a copy of the syllabus along with the details of expertise available to teach the same in the college.

The minimum students' strength for offering open electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Mini-project work: Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications.

Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

CIE procedure for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. No SEE component for Mini-Project.

VII semester Classwork and Research Internship /Industry Internship (21INT82)

Swapping Facility

Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester.

(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the program.

Elucidation:

At the beginning of IV year of the programme i.e., after VI semester, VII semester classwork and VIII semester Research Internship /Industrial Internship shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester classwork and similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship.

Research/Industrial Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation centre, Incubation centre, Start-up, Centers of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and /or at reputed research organizations / institutes. The internship can also be rural internship.

The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship is for 24 weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

INT21INT82 Research Internship/ Industry Internship/Rural Internship

Research internship: A research internship is intended to offer the flavour of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.

Industry internship: Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.

Rural internship: A long-term goal, as proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, shall be counted as rural internship activity.

The student can take up Interdisciplinary Research Internship or Industry Internship.

The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship.

The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not bear any expenses incurred in respect of internship.

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VII S	EMES	VII and VIII S TER											
				_	Teachin	g Hours	/Week			Exam	ination		
SI. No		ourse and urse Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
					L	т	Р	S					
1	PCC 21AI	D71	Data Visualization		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
2	PCC 21CS		Cloud Computing	Any CS Board	2	0	0		3	50	50	100	2
3	PEC 21XX	K73X	Professional elective Course-II	Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
4	PEC 21XX	(74X	Professional elective Course-III		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
5		K75X	Open elective Course-II	Concerned Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
6	Proje 21AI	ect DP76	Project work		inter	raction l	ours /we between d studen	the	3	100	100	200	10
			•						Total	350	350	700	24
	SEMES	STER											
					Teachin	g Hours	/Week			Exam	ination		
SI. No		ourse and urse Code	Course Title	Teaching Department	Theory Lecture	H Tutorial	Drawing	ა Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	Sem 21Al		Technical Seminar		One co inter	ontact h raction l	iour /we between d studen	ek for the		100		100	01
2	INT 21IN	IT82	Research Internship/ Industry Internship		inter	raction l	ours /we between d studen	the	03 (Batch wise)	100	100	200	15
					faculty and students. Completed during the intervening period of III								
3	CMC	21NS83 21PE83	National Service Scheme (NSS) Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	NSS PE	Cor	npleted				50	50	100	0
3	NCMC				Cor inte	mpleted rvening		of III					
3	NCMC	21PE83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PE	Cor inte	mpleted rvening	period o	of III	 Total			100 400	0 16
_		21PE83 21YO83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga	PE Yoga Professional E	Cor inte seme	npleted rvening ster to V	period o VIII seme	of III ester.	Total				
21AI	731	21PE83 21YO83 Social	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga Network Analysis	PE Yoga Professional E 21	Cor inte seme lective - CS734	mpleted rvening ster to V	period c /III seme kchain T	of III ester. echnolo	Total				
_	731	21PE83 21YO83 Social Digital	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga	PE Yoga Professional E 21	Cor inte seme	mpleted rvening ster to V	period o VIII seme	of III ester. echnolo	Total				
21AI 21CS	731	21PE83 21YO83 Social Digital	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga Network Analysis Image Processing	PE Yoga Professional E 21 21	Cor inte seme lective - CS734 CS735	mpleted rvening ster to V II Bloc	period c /III seme kchain T	of III ester. echnolo	Total				
21AI 21CS 21AI	731 5732 733	21PE83 21YO83 Social Digital Fullsta	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga Network Analysis Image Processing ick Development	PE Yoga Professional E 21 21 21 Professional E	lective - CS734 CS735	mpleted rvening ster to v II Bloc Inter	period c VIII seme kchain T rnet of T	of III ester. echnolo hings	Total gy	250	150	400	16
21AI 21CS	731 5732 733 741	21PE83 21YO83 Social Digital Fullsta	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics) Yoga Network Analysis Image Processing	PE Yoga Professional E 21 21 21 Professional E 21	Cor inte seme lective - CS734 CS735	mpleted rvening ster to v II Bloc Inter	period c VIII seme kchain T rnet of T	of III ester. echnolo hings	Total gy	250	150		16

Open Electives - II offered by the Department to other Department students 21CS754 Introduction to Data Science 21CS751 Programming in Python 21CS752 Introduction to AI and ML 21CS755 21CS753 Introduction to Big Data Note: PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC-Open Elective Course, AEC - Ability Enhancement Courses. L-Lecture, T-Tutorial, P-Practical / Drawing, S - Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination. Note: VII and VIII semesters of IV year of the programme (1) Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester. (2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the programme. PROJECT WORK (21XXP76): The objective of the Project work is (i) To encourage independent learning and the innovative attitude of the students. (ii) To develop interactive attitude, communication skills, organization, time management, and presentation skills. (iii) To impart flexibility and adaptability. (iv) To inspire team working. (v) To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment and intuition. (vi) To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines. (vii) To instil responsibilities to oneself and others. (viii)To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face the audience confidently, enhance communication skills, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas. **CIE procedure for Project Work:** (1) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. (2) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. SEE procedure for Project Work: SEE for project work will be conducted by the two examiners appointed by the University. The SEE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. TECHNICAL SEMINAR (21XXS81): The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, present the seminar topic confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion for exchange of ideas. Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, shall choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the programme of Specialization. (i) Carry out literature survey, systematically organize the content. (ii) Prepare the report with own sentences, avoiding a cut and paste act. (iii) Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities. (iv) Present the seminar topic orally and/or through PowerPoint slides. (v) Answer the gueries and involve in debate/discussion. (vi) Submit a typed report with a list of references. The participants shall take part in the discussion to foster a friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high

standards and become self-confident. **Evaluation Procedure:**

The CIE marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session, and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three teachers from the department with the senior-most acting as the Chairman.

Marks distribution for CIE of the course:

Seminar Report:50 marks

Presentation skill:25 marks

Question and Answer: 25 marks. ■ No SEE component for Technical Seminar

Non – credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they has to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.

(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequently to earn the qualifying CIE marks subject to the maximum programme period.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

TRANSFORM CALCULUS,	FOURIER SERI	ES AND NUMERICAL	TECHNIQUES
Course Code:	21MAT31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. To have an insight into solvir techniques	g ordinary differer	itial equations by using La	aplace transform
CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier serie analysis.	es to represent peri	odical physical phenome	na in engineering
CLO 3. To enable the students to stu Cosine transforms and to lear method.			
CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in engineering applications, usi			ations arising in
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which te	achers can use to a	ccelerate the attainment (of the various course
outcomes.	activity call use to a		
1. Lecturer method (L) need no	t to be only traditio	nal lecture method, but a	Iternative offective
teaching methods could be a	•		
-	-		
		-	
3. Encourage collaborative (Gro		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (Highe	er order Thinking)	questions in the class, wh	ich promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learni	ng (PBL), which fos	ters students' Analytical s	skills, develop design
thinking skills such as the ab	lity to design, evalu	late, generalize, and analy	ze information rather
than simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in manifold	representations.		
7. Show the different ways to so	-	em and encourage the stu	idents to come un with
their own creative ways to so	-	em una encourage the ste	addites to come up with
-		waal ward and when the	at's possible, it holps
8. Discuss how every concept ca		e real world - and when th	lat's possible, it helps
improve the students' unders	0	1	
Definition and Laplace transforms	Module		Problems on Laplace
transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$.	Laplace transform	s of Periodic functions (s	tatement only) and unit-
step function – problems.			
Inverse Laplace transforms definitio	•		
transforms (without Proof) and pro	blems. Laplace tr	anstorms of derivatives,	solution of differential
equations.			
Self-study: Solution of simultaneous	first-order differen	tial equations.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk me	ethod /	
	Module	-2	
Introduction to infinite series, conv Fourier series of periodic functions Practical harmonic analysis.			
Solf study Convergence of series be	D'Alombort's Datis	tost and Caushr's reat to	ct.
Self-study: Convergence of series by			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chaik and talk m	ethod / Powerpoint Prese	induon

	Module-3
Infinite Fourier transforms definition	n, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms,
Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transf	forms. Problems.
	definition (tendend - terreformer, Denning, and diffine unles
	definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, oplications to solve difference equations.
rioblems. mverse z-transform and ap	phrations to solve unterence equations.
Self-Study: Initial value and final valu	ie theorems, problems,
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
	Module-4
derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equa	rtial differential equations, finite difference approximations to ation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by Nicholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems.
Self-Study: Solution of Poisson equat	tions using standard five-point formula.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
	Module-5
Second-order differential equations -	Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method.
(No derivations of formulae).	
	uler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a
plane, Variational problems.	
Self- Study: Hanging chain problem Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	,
At the end of the course the student w	
CO 1. To solve ordinary differential	
	o study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in tal signal processing and field theory.
	analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-
Transform techniques to solv	
	ls represented by initial or boundary value problems involving
partial differential equations	
CO 5. Determine the extremals of fu	unctionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in
dynamics of rigid bodies and	vibrational analysis.
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	-
0 0	l Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
deemed to have satisfied the acader	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
course if the student secures not less	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examinatior
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 m	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End E	xamination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	uration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} we	-
2. Second test at the end of the	
3. Third test at the end of the 15	
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
4. First assignment at the end of	f 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end	
-	one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20
GIVUD UISCUSSIOII/SEIIIIIAI/UUIZ AIIV	one of three suitably planned to attain the COS and FOS 101 20
Marks (duration 01 hours)	

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours) 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a 2. maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:** Textbooks 1. B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018 2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016. **Reference Books:** 1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd 2. Reprint, 2016. 3. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest edition. 4. C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw - Hill Book Co.Newyork, Latest ed. 5. Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015. 6. H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014). James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019 Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs) 2. http://academicearth.org/ 3. http://www.bookstreet.in. 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program 5. VTU EDUSAT Program Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Ouizzes
 - Assignments
 - Seminars

	DATAS	STRUCTURES ANI	D APPLICATIONS	
Course	Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50
Teachir	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	ours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
Course	Objectives:			
	Explain the fundamentals of solutions to problems.			
CLO 3. CLO 4.	 Illustrate representation of d Design and Develop Solution Explore usage of Trees and G 	s to problems using Traph for application	Arrays, Structures, Stack, Q development.	
	Apply the Hashing technique ng-Learning Process (Gener		lue pairs.	
Teach	ng-Learning Process (Gener	ai instructionsj		
These a outcom	are sample Strategies, which te	eachers can use to ac	celerate the attainment of t	he various course
		t to be only tradition	allocture method but alter	mativa offactiva
1.	Lecturer method (L) need no			native effective
2	teaching methods could be a	•		
2.	Use of Video/Animation to ex		•	
3.	Encourage collaborative (Gro		-	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (High- thinking.	er order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, which	promotes critical
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learni	ng (PBL), which fost	ers students' Analytical ski	lls, develop design
	thinking skills such as the ab			
	than simply recall it.		, 8,,,,	
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold	roprocontations		
7.	Show the different ways to se	-	m and ancourage the stude	nts to como un with
7.	their own creative ways to so		eni anu encourage the stude	ints to come up with
8.	Discuss how every concept c		real world - and when that'	s nossible it helps
0.	improve the students' under		i cai worra - ana wiich that	5 роззіліс, іс петрэ
	improve the students under	Module-	1	
(Traver Self-Re	uction: Data Structures, Clas rsing, inserting, deleting, searc ferential Structures.	sifications (Primitiv ching, and sorting). I	ve & Non-Primitive), Data Review of Arrays. Structure	s: Array of structures
	ic Memory Allocation Funct		on of Linear Arrays in M	femory, dynamically
	ed arrays and Multidimensiona			
Demon	stration of representation of P	olynomials and Spai	rse Matrices with arrays.	
	ook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapte er 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapte			
Labora	tory Component:			
1.	Design, Develop and Implem a. Creating an Array of b. Display of Array Eler c. Exit.	N Integer Elements	-	g Array Operations
	Support the program with fu	nctions for each of t	he above operations.	
2.	Design, Develop and Implem a. Inserting an Elemen b. Deleting an Element c. Display of Array Element	t (ELEM) at a given v at a given valid Posi	valid Position (POS)	g Array operations

	h functions for each of the above operations.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to			
	illustrate application of arrays and structures.			
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s			
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html			
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-			
	1/List%20of%20experiments.html			
	Module-2			
	ons, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic			
prefix conversion, evaluation of p	of expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to			
prenx conversion, evaluation of p	ustrix expression, recursion.			
Queues: Definition, Array Repres Circular queues using Dynamic an	entation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and rays, Dequeues, Priority Queues.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4	3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13			
Laboratory Component:				
1 Design Develop and Im	plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on			
U	Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)			
a. <i>Push</i> an Element				
b. <i>Pop</i> an Element				
-	erflow and Underflow situations on Stack			
d. Display the statu	is of Stack			
e. Exit				
	h appropriate functions for each of the above operations			
	lement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications			
	ffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^			
	f Hanoi problem with n disks			
b. Solving rower o	f Hanoi problem with n disks			
Teaching-Learning Process	f Hanoi problem with n disks Active Learning, Problem based learning			
-				
-	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/			
-	Active Learning, Problem based learning			
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific Memory, Traversing, Insertion,	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues.			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists ir Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues.			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classific Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component:	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) of	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stac	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stac b. Display of SLL	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9 of Integer Data ck of N integer.			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stac b. Display of SLL c. Linear search. (Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stac b. Display of SLL c. Linear search. (integers.	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9 of Integer Data ck of N integer. Create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stat b. Display of SLL c. Linear search. (integers. 2. Design, Develop and Im	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. momials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9 of Integer Data ck of N integer.			
Teaching-Learning Process Linked Lists: Definition, classifie Memory, Traversing, Insertion, linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Ci Applications of Linked lists – Poly Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4 Laboratory Component: 1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stat b. Display of SLL c. Linear search. (integers. 2. Design, Develop and Im	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/_ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html Module-3 cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists ir Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly rcular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. rnomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples. 4. 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9 of Integer Data ck of N integer. Create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationsor			

	ue of N Professor's Data and count the number of nodes in it.
Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
	Module-4
Representation of Binary Trees, Bin Threaded binary trees, Binary Sea operation on Binary search tree. Ap	ees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked nary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; arch Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching pplication of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.
Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.5, Laboratory Component:	5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9
fashion. That is, elements level 0. Ex: Input : arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} Output : Root of the follow 1 $/ \setminus$ 2 3 $/ \setminus / \setminus$ 4 5 6 2. Design, Develop and Impl Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N	lement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on of Integers
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning
reaching bear ning i rocess	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and- algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html
	Module-5
methods: Breadth First Search and Hashing: Hash Table organizations Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10	Splay tree, B-tree. es, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal
Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.	.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
 - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
- 2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

http://www	v.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-
algorithms.	ntml

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/

3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

ANA	LOG AND DIGITAI	ELECTRONICS	
Course Code	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Explain the use of photo elec		-	
CLO 2. Make use of simplifying tech	niques in the design	of combinational circuits	5.
CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and	sequential digital ci	rcuits	
CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipf	lops and apply for reg	gisters	
CLO 5. Design and test counters, An	alog-to-Digital and D	igital-to-Analog convers	ion techniques.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	ral Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to ac	celerate the attainment o	of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) does no	ot mean only traditio	nal lecture method but d	ifferent type of
teaching methods may be ad	-		
2. Show Video/animation films	• •		
3. Encourage collaborative (Gr	-	• •	
		•	ah unamataa ariti aal
4. Ask at least three HOT (High	ier order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, whi	ich promotes critical
thinking.			1.11 1 1.1.1.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learn			
skills such as the ability to e	valuate, generalize, a	nd analyze information r	ather than simply recall
it.			
6. Topics will be introduced in			
7. Show the different ways to s	olve the same proble	em and encourage the stu	dents to come up with
their own creative ways to s	olve them.		
8. Discuss how every concept of	can be applied to the	real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps
improve the students' under	standing.		
	Module-2	1	
BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to b	oase Bias, voltage div	ider bias	
Operational Amplifier Application Ci	rauita Doals Dotostor	Schmitt triggor Activo I	Filtors Non Lincor
Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Curr			
•	U	0	rter, Regulated Power
Supply Parameters, adjustable voltag	ge regulator, D to A a	nd A to D converter.	
Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (See		Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9	•		
Laboratory Component:			
1. Simulate BJT CE voltage div	ider higsed voltage a	mnlifier using any suitab	le circuit simulator
·	-		
3. Design an astable multivibra	nor circuit for three (cases of duty cycle (50%,	<50% and >50%J
using NE 555 timer IC.			
4. Using ua 741 opamap, desig	-		
Teaching-Learning Process		tion of circuits using sim	
	Project wor	k: Design a integrated po	ower supply and
	function ge	nerator operating at aud	io frequency. Sine,
	square and	triangular functions are	to be generated.
	-	Board for numerical	-

Module-2

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical	
	2. Laboratory Demonstration	
Module-3		

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
- 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator
	2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical
	Madula 4

Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
- 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-5		
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers,		

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
- 2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

c ,	0	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-
		segment display to display the output
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Course outcome (Course Chill Cot)		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods
- CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019 **Reference Books**

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
- 2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- 3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
- 4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

	COMPU	TER ORGANIZATI	ON AND ARCHITECT	URE
Course	Code	21CS34	CIE Marks	50
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	lours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course	e Learning Objectives			
(CLO 1. Understand the or operation	ganization and archite	ecture of computer syste	ems, their structure and
(CLO 2. Illustrate the conce	ept of machine instruc	ctions and programs	
	CLO 3. Demonstrate differ	-		
(CLO 4. Describe different	types memory device	s and their functions	
(CLO 5. Explain arithmetic	and logical operation	s with different data typ	es
(CLO 6. Demonstrate proce	essing unit with paral	lel processing and pipeli	ne architecture
Teachi	ing-Learning Process (G	eneral Instructions)		
These a	are sample Strategies, wh	ich teachers can use to	o accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcom	ies.			
1.	Lecturer method (L) nee	ed not to be only a tra	ditional lecture method,	but alternative effective
	teaching methods could	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation	to explain functionin	g of various concepts.	
3.	Encourage collaborative	e (Group Learning) Le	arning in the class.	
4.		Higher order Thinkin	g) questions in the class	, which promotes critical
	thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL), which	fosters students' Analyti	ical skills, develop design
	thinking skills such as th	ne ability to design, ev	aluate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in mar	ifold representations		
7.	Show the different ways	to solve the same pro	oblem with different circ	cuits/logic and encourage
	the students to come up	with their own creati	ive ways to solve them.	
8.	Discuss how every conc	ept can be applied to t	the real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' u	nderstanding.		
		Modu	le-1	
				s, Performance – Processor
CIOCK, I	Basic Performance Equati	on, Clock Rate, Perfor	mance Measurement.	
Machin	ne Instructions and	Programs: Memory	Location and Addre	sses, Memory Operations,
Instruc	tions and Instruction Seq	uencing, Addressing N	Modes	
Toythe	ok 1. Chantar 1 2 1	1 1 6 (1 6 1 1 6 1 1	(7) Chantar? ??ta	2 5
	ook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4 ing-Learning Process		tive Learning, Problem	
	0 0	Modu	~	
Input/	Output Organization: A	ccessing I/O Devices,	Interrupts – Interrupt H	ardware, Direct Memory
	, Buses, Interface Circuits		x x	
	ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2		ting I amaine Damas t	
	ing-Learning Process		tive Learning, Demonstr	ration
		3.6.3		
Teachi		Modu		
Teachi Memor		s, Semiconductor RAM	M Memories, Read Only I	Memories, Speed, Size, and
Teachi Memor	ry System: Basic Concept ache Memories – Mapping	s, Semiconductor RAM	M Memories, Read Only I	Memories, Speed, Size, and
Teachi Memo Cost, Ca		s, Semiconductor RAN g Functions, Virtual m	M Memories, Read Only I emories	Memories, Speed, Size, and

	Module-4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmet	ic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed	
Numbers, Design of Fast Adders	, Multiplication of Positive Numbers	
Basic Processing Unit: Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control, Microprogrammed control		
Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Cha Textbook 1: Chapter7 – 7.1, 7.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
Pipeline, Vector Processing, Arra		
Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the stud		
	n and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and	
programs		
	ut devices communicating with computer system	
	ons of different types of memory devices	
	es on simple arithmetic and logical unit	
-	f basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining	
Assessment Details (both CIE a	-	
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
	End Examination) taken together	
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester	
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Ma		
_	end of 4 th week of the semester	
0	ne end of 9 th week of the semester	
	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we		
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 r		
methods of the CIE. Each method	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy	
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.	
Semester End Examination:		
	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	
papers for the subject (duration	-	
1. The question paper will	have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.	

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
- 6. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html</u>
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
 - Quizzes

	OBJECT ORIENTE	D PROGRAMMIN	IG WITH JAVA LABOR	ATORY
Course Co	-	21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
Teaching	Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. I CLO 2. U	Objectives: Demonstrate the use of Eclip Using java programming to	develop programs fo	or solving real-world prob	olems.
CLO 3. 1	Reinforce the understanding		ented programming conce each laboratory sessions	-
			requisite	
	environment.	be familiarized abo	ut java installation and se	tting the java
Sl. No.	Laboratory		nt should develop progra	m and execute in the
	Aim: Introduce the java f	undamentals, data t	ypes, operators in java	
1	ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b	, c and use the quad		*
	initialization of variables		objects, constructors, dec with the following details	
2	USN Name Branch Phone	create n Student obj	jects and print the USN, N	
	Aim: Discuss the various	Decision-making st	atements, loop constructs	s in java
3	Program: A. Write a program to ch B.Write a program for Ar		using switch case menu	
	Aim: Demonstrate the co	re object-oriented o	concept of Inheritance, po	lymorphism
4	by writing three subclass	ses namely Teaching	as StaffId, Name, Phone, S g (domain, publications), ' ead and display at least 3	Геchnical (skills), and
		of method overload	ling, constructor overload	ing, overriding.
5	Program: Write a java pr overloading.	ogram demonstrati	ng Method overloading ar	nd Constructor
	Aim: Introduce the conce	ept of Abstraction, p	ackages.	
6	INR, Yen to INR and vice	versa), distance cor	ement currency converter werter (meter to KM, mile nd vice versa) using packa	es to KM and vice versa)
7			ct methods, and Interface	

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi- threaded programming.
8	Program: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
	Aim: Introduce java Collections.
9	Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.
10	Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
	Aim: Introduce File operations in java.
11	Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.
12	Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
<u>()</u>	
At the end	utcome (Course Skill Set) I of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. U	se Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
CO 2. A	nalyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming nd become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
0	emonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object- riented data and document results. pply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop
	obust programs. evelop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.
	ent Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weig	ntage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall
	d to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	us Internal Evaluation (CIE):
	for the practical course is 50 Marks .
-	up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .
• Eac	h experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL381	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives			

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations.

CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options.

CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available.

CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.

CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
Module-2		

MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
Module-3		

MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5		
Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies	
<u> </u>	Module-4	
MS-Access - Using Access database wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design view. Datasheet Records – Adding, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows and columns, finding data in a table & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.	
	Module-5	
Outlook Data Files	n, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook,	
Textbook 1: Chapter 7		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
 Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet. CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc. CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment. CO 5. Use Google Suite for office data management tasks 		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).		
Continuous Internal Evaluatio		
NOTE: List of experiments to be CIE marks for the practical cours	e prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above se is 50 Marks .	
The split-up of CIE marks for rec	ord/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .	
• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.		
• Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.		
• Total marks scored by the	students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).	
• Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.		
• Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week		
of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.		
• In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.		
• The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book		
• The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).		
The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.		
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):		

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4</u>
- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw</u>
- 6. <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx</u>
- 7. <u>https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center</u>
- 8. <u>http://spoken-tutorial.org</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	21CS382	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
	Module-2		
Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.			
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,		
	problem solving		
Module-3			
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining			
Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.			
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving		
	Module-4		
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file			
operations.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Ch	apter 13 (13.6,13.7)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's		
	Module-5		
Exception Handling: Introduction	to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block-		
Throw statement- Pre-defined except	tions in C++ .		
-			
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to 13	3.6)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	t):		
At the end of the course the student			
	design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming		
concepts.			
Overloading.	e with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function		
5	y and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism		
	e Performance analysis of I/O Streams.		
	of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for		
providing programmed	solutions to complex problems.		
Assessment Details (both CIE and			
	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the acade	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
course if the student secures not le	ss than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} we	eek of the semester		
2. Second test at the end of the	10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks			
4. First assignment at the end	of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the er	nd of 9 th week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any	\prime one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 th week of	of the semester		
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 marks			
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for the course.			
Semester End Examination:			
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duration 01 hours)			
SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The			
time allotted for SEE is 01 hours			

Textbooks

- 1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

- 1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
- 2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++", apress, 2010
- 3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Basics of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA</u>
- 2. Functions of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

МАТНЕМАТ	ICAL FOUNDAT	IONS FOR COMPUTING	
Course Code:	21CS41	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand an intense found mathematics. CLO 2. Interpret, identify, and solve functions, modular arithmetic CLO 3. To develop probability distril probability distribution occur engineering. Teaching-Learning Process (General These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes.	the language assoc c. oution of discrete a rs in digital signal p al Instructions)	iated with logical structure nd continuous random var processing, design engineer	e, sets, relations and riables. Joint ring and microwave
 Lecturer method (L) does not teaching methods may be add Show Video/animation films Encourage collaborative (Gro Ask at least three HOT (Highe thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learnin skills such as the ability to evi it. Topics will be introduced in a Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so Discuss how every concept can be app the students' understanding. 	opted to develop th to explain function up Learning) Learn er order Thinking) ng (PBL), which fos aluate, generalize, a multiple represen olve the same probl lve them.	e outcomes. ing of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, whic eters students' Analytical sl and analyze information ra tation. em and encourage the stuc	ch promotes critical kills, develop thinking ther than simply recall dents to come up with
	Module	·1	
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logical Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. Fundamentals of Logic contd.: The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions, and the Proofs of Theorems. Self-study: Problems on Logical equivalence.			
Teaching-Learning Process		roblem based learning	
	Module		
 Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. Function Composition, and Inverse Functions. Relations: Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, 			
Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equi Introduction to Graph Theory: I	ivalence Relations a	and Partitions.	-
Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Tr	ails and Circuits.		, · · · · · ,
Self-study: The Pigeon-hole Principle, problems and its applications Teaching Learning Process Chalk and Board Problem based learning			
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and Board, Problem based learning			
Module-3			
Statistical Methods: Correlation an correlation-problems. Regression and			correlation and rank

Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the formy = ax + b, $y = ax^b$ and $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Self-study: Angle between two regression lines, problems. Fitting of the curve y = a b^x

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module-4	

Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)- Illustrative examples.

Self-study: exponential distribution.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation.

Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

Self-Study: Point estimation and interval estimation.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply the concepts of logic for effective computation and relating problems in the Engineering domain.
- CO 2. Analyze the concepts of functions and relations to various fields of Engineering. Comprehend the concepts of Graph Theory for various applications of Computational sciences.
- CO 3. Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analysing the probability models arising in the engineering field.
- CO 4. Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.
- CO 5. Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20

Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Ralph P. Grimaldi and B V Ramana, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics- An Applied Introduction, Pearson Education, Asia, Fifth edition 2007. ISBN 978-81-7758-424-0.
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. S. Grewal Khanna Publishers 44th Edition, 2017

Reference Books:

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, Sixth reprint 2008. ISBN-(13):978-0-07-064824-1.
- 2. C. L. Liu and D P Mohapatra, Elementary Discrete Mathematics, Tata- McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, ISBN:10:0-07-066913-9.
- 3. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, Tata McGraw Hill, 35TH reprint 2008. ISBN 13:978-0-07-463113-3.
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett McGraw-Hill 6th Edition 1995
 Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana McGraw-Hill 11th Edition,2010
- 6. A Text-Book of Engineering Mathematics D. P. Bali and Manish Goyal Laxmi Publications 2014
- 7. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg Khanna Publishing, 2018

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9AUCdsmBGmA&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=10
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oU60TuGHxe0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=11
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_BIKq9Xo_5A&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=13
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RMLR2JHHeWo&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=14
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nf9e0_ylGdc&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=15
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7cTWea9YAJE&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=24
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=695iAm935cY&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=25
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZECJHfsf4Vs&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=26
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dsi7x-A89Mw&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=28
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xlUFkMKSB3Y&list=PL0862D1A947252D20
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0uTE24o3q-o&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=2
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DmCltf8ypks&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=3
- 13. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jNeISigUCo0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=4
- 14. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- 15. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- 16. http://academicearth.org/
- 17. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME 20

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.

CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.

CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application. CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (\square) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

 Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning.
	2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.
	3. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-2	

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based	
	2.	Learning. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

- 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
- 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based	
		Learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-4		

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

- 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
- 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
	Learning.
	2. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-5	

Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- 4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

MICRO	CONTROLLER AND E	MBEDDED SYSTEMS	
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
 Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1: Understand the fundamerregisters and the CPSR. CLO 2: Use the various instructio CLO 3: Program various embedded CLO 4: Identify various compone applicability. CLO 5: Understand the embedded Teaching-Learning Process (Generation) The lecturer method (L) teaching methods may b 2. Show video/animation f 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (In thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Least skills such as the ability it. 6. Topics will be introduce 7. Show the different ways 	ntals of ARM-based system ns to program the ARM of ed components using the nts, their purpose, and the d system's real-time oper eneral Instructions) ch teachers can use to ac does not mean only the t e adopted to develop the ilms to explain the functi (group learning) learnin Higher order Thinking) q earning (PBL), which fost to evaluate, generalize, and d in multiple representat to solve the same proble	ms, including programm controller. embedded C program. eir application to the en rating system and its app celerate the attainment craditional lecture methe outcomes. oning of various concep g in the class. uestions in the class, wh ers students' Analytical nd analyze information i ions.	ning modules with nbedded system's plication in IoT. of the various course od, but different types of ts. nich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall
their own creative ways	to solve them.		
8. Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied to the	real world, and when th	at's possible, it helps
improve the students' u	nderstanding.		
*	Module-1	[
Microprocessors versus Microco ARM Design Philosophy, Embedo ARM Processor Fundamentals Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to	led System Hardware, En Registers, Current Prog Core Extensions	nbedded System Softwa ram Status Register, Pipe	re.
Laboratory Component:	· •		
1. Using Keil software, obs	erve the various registers	s, dump, CPSR, with a sir	nple ALP programme.
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration	of registers, memory ad	ccess, and CPSR in a
	programme mo	• •	
		umerical, and discussio	n, use chalk and a
	-	well as a PowerPoint pr	
	Module-2	-	
Introduction to the ARM Instru			Instructions Software
Interrupt Instructions, Program S		-	
interrupt moti actions, riogram.		, coprocessor mistruc	cions, Loaunig Constant
C Compilers and Optimization :E	asic C Data Types, C Loo	ping Structures, Registe	r Allocation, Function

Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5

Laboratory Component:

- 2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
- 3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
- 4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
- 5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
- 6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.

6. Write a program to find the largest of smallest number in an array of 52 numbers.		
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.	
	2. Laboratory Demonstration	
	Module-3	
C Compilers and Optimization :S	tructure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness,	
Division, Floating Point, Inline Fu	inctions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.	
ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs		
Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6		
Laboratory Component:		
1. Write a program to a	arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.	
	count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory	
locations.		
3. Display "Hello World	d" message using Internal UART.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.	
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical	
	Module-4	
	ts: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded	
-	ded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of	
embedded systems.		
_	cluding all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators,	
LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface		
(onboard and external types), En	nbedded firmware, Other system components.	
Toythook 2. Chaptor 1 (Soction	us 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)	
Laboratory Component:	1.2 to 1.0), chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.0)	
1. Interface and Control a I	DC Motor	
	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.	
 Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. 		
 Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms. 		
5. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.		
6. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.		
7. Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.		
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded	
	components using keil.	
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion	
	Module-5	
-	ystem Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems,	
Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption,		
Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization		

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion
	2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using
	raspberry pi

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

- 1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS

CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources

CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands

CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

Textbook I. enapter 1,2,5		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning and problem solving	
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6f	
	EyqRiVhbXDGLXDk OQAeuVcp20	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-	
	wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2	
Module-2		

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and problem solving
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc</u>
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo
Module-3	

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PL		
	EJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30		
	Madala A		

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system	
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLI</u>	
	<u>Y8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp</u>	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY	
Module-5		

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies	
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4</u>	
	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=P</u>	
	LEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36	
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw	
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	et)	

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.

- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuV_cp20</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-

tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f

3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts

	PYTHO	N PROGRAMM	ING LABORATOR	Y
Course Cod		21CSL46	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
-	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:				
CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications				
CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems				
	plement the Object-Oriente	0 0		
-	praise the need for working			PDF, Word and Others
	monstrate regular expression			
Note: two l	nours tutorial is suggested			
• Stude	nta abould be familiarized a	Prerequ		Duth on any incompant
	nts should be familiarized a of IDLE or IDE like PyCharı		-	Python environment
• Usage	Python Installation: https:/			JE20D10c
	PyCharm Installation: http://			
Sl. No.				p program and execute in the
51. 110.	Laboratory	is joi which see	acht should acvelo	p program and execute in the
		on fundamentals	s, data types, operato	ors, flow control and exception
	handling in Python			
	a) Write a python prog	ram to find the	best of two test ave	erage marks out of three test's
	marks accepted from			
		-	-	mber is palindrome or not and
	also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.			
1				
	Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU			
	Operators: https://www.			
	Flow Control: https://ww	-		Hrjw
	For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s			
	While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw			
	Exceptions. https://www	.youtube.com/v		
	Aim: Demonstrating crea	tion of function	s, passing parameter	s and return values
			or or or	
	a) Defined as a function	n F as Fn = Fn-1	1 + Fn-2. Write a Py	thon program which accepts a
	value for N (where N	l >0) as input a	nd pass this value to	o the function. Display suitable
	error message if the	condition for inp	out value is not follo	wed.
2	b) Develop a python p	rogram to conv	ert binary to decim	al, octal to hexadecimal using
Z	functions.			
	Functions: https://www.			
	Arguments: https://www		· •	-
	Return value: https://ww	w.youtube.com	/watch?v=nuNXiEDi	nM44
	Aim: Demonstration of m	anipulation of s	trings using string m	nethods
3				
5	a) write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits			
	uppercase letters and	d lowercase lett	ers.	

	b) Write a Python program to find the stri	ng similarity between two given strings
	Sample Output:	Sample Output:
	Original string:	Original string:
	Python Exercises	Python Exercises
	Python Exercises	Python Exercise
	Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:
	1.0	0.967741935483871
	Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	=lSItwlnF0eU
	String functions: https://www.youtube.com	
	Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tu	ple and dictionary
	a) Write a python program to implement i	
	b) Write a program to convert roman num	bers in to integer values using dictionaries.
	Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l	2275e6M8tI 4
4	List methods: https://www.youtube.com/w	
	Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	
	Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com	-
	Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/wate	
	Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.	com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY
	Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition	vith and without using regular expressions
	a) Write a function called isphonenumber	() to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without
		e the code to recognize the same pattern using
	regular expression.	5 1 5
5	b) Develop a python program that could	search the text in a file for phone numbers
	(+919900889977) and email addresses	(sample@gmail.com)
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	aom /watch?w=I ngEn7fIU S4
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	com/ watch?v=EnzrnzinL34
	Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing and	organizing files.
	a) Write a python program to accept a file	name from the user and perform the following
	operations	nume in our user und perform the following
	1. Display the first N line of the f	ile
		nce of the word accepted from the user in the
	file	-
6	b) Write a python program to create a ZIP	file of a particular folder which contains several
	files inside it.	
	Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v	uvh7CxZghU
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKe	
	File organization: <u>https://www.youtube.com</u>	n/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses
7	Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of class	as methods objects and inhoritance
7	Ann. Demonstration of the concepts of class	es, methous, objects and miller italite

	 a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle. b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department.
	OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU</u>
	Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding
8	a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.
	Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
	Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping
9	a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comicsb) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet
	Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k
	Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
	Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files
	a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFsb) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file
	PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls
10	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A
	Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE
	JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Ful	l Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc
	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based
Pedagogy	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
-	tatement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student lop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate
Course Outo	comes:
CO 1. Dem CO 2. Iden CO 3. Disc	nonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. Intify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. Intify the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. Intify the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python. Interpret the product for comparing websites and working with PDF. ISON and other file formate

CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python"**,1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
- 2. Reema Thareja **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
- 3. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist"**, 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

	WEB PROGR			
	(Practical		50	
Course Code	21CSL481	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100	
Credits 01 Exam Hours 02				
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and his	tory of woh brows	re		
	•	15.		
CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags v				
CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic do				
CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Elem		ript.		
CLO 5. Logically plan and develop				
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	eral Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcomes.	at to be only a tred	tional la atura mathad	but alternative offective	
 Lecturer method (L) need r teaching methods could be 			but alternative effective	
2. Use of Video/Animation to	explain functioning	of various concepts.		
3. Encourage collaborative (G		•		
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hig		-	which promotes critical	
thinking.				
5. Adopt Problem Based Learn				
thinking skills such as the a than simply recall it.	bility to design, eva	luate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather	
	ld representations			
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage				
the students to come up wit	-		, 8 8	
the students to come up with	th their own creativ	e ways to solve them.		
8. Discuss how every concept	th their own creativ can be applied to th	e ways to solve them.		
-	th their own creativ can be applied to th erstanding.	e ways to solve them. he real world - and whe		
8. Discuss how every concept improve the students' unde	th their own creativ can be applied to th erstanding. Modul	e ways to solve them. Ie real world - and whe e-1	n that's possible, it helps	
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Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

1 V	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

- 1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
- 2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
- 3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
- 4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM</u>
- 2. HTML and XHTML: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg</u>
- 3. CSS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE</u>
- 4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0</u>
- 5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 2. http://www.w3schools.com
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Demonstration of simple projects

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS482	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.

CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.

CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.

CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.

CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4), Chapter 2-2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
Module-2		
UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
	problem solving	
	Module-3	
Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 6		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving	
Module-4		
Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line		

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
- 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

	R PROGRA		
	(Practical		
Course Code	21CSL483	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<u>12T + 12P</u>	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Explore and understand ho CLO 2. To learn and practice progr	amming techniques	s using R programming	
CLO 3. Read Structured Data into F CLO 4. Understand the different da			
CLO 5. To develop small applicatio	ns using R Program	ming	
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
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2. Use of Video/Animation to	explain functioning	of various concepts.	
3. Encourage collaborative (G	roup Learning) Lea	rning in the class.	
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5. Adopt Problem Based Learn thinking skills such as the a than simply recall it.			
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7. Show the different ways to	•	olem with different circ	uits/logic and encourage
the students to come up wit	-		
8. Discuss how every concept		•	n that's possible it helps
improve the students' unde			in that's possible, it helps
	Module	4	
Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignmen Vectors, Expressions and assignmen Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)	t, and Vectors: R	for Basic Math, Arith	metic, Variables, Function
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	Active Learning, praction	cal based learning
	Modul	÷ •	
Matrices and Arrays: Defining a			Conditions and Looping
statements, looping with for, looping			onutions and Looping.
Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demo	onstration, presentation,
problem solving			
	Modul	e-3	
Lists and Data Frames: Data Frame	es, Lists, Special val	ues, The apply facmily.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Demonstration, proble	em solving
	Modul	-	
Functions: Calling functions, scopi Arguments, specialized function.	ng, Arguments ma	tching, writing functio	ns: The function command

Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6

O Module-5 Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code. Textbook 1: Chapter 8-8.1 to 8.8 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, MOOC COurse Outcomes (Course Skill Set): Art the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises, CO 2. To demonstrations, and writing R code. CO 3. To apply critical programming language concepts such as data types, iteration, CO 4. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises, CO 5. To import a variety of data formats into R using R-Studio CO 6. To prepare or tidy data for in preparation for analyze. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above CIE marks for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments des	Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's	
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• (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script			
	• (Rubrics) Breakup of marks to be strictly adhered to by	and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script ty the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation	
rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal			

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN			
Course Code	21CS51	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Automata Theory: Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4 Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-2	

Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design: Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 - 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4				
Teachir	g-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
Module-3				
Context Free Grammars: Definition and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees,				
Ambigu	Ambiguity and Elimination of Ambiguity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring.			
Syntax A	Analysis Phase of Compile	rs: part-1: Role of Parser, Top-Down Parsing		
m .1				
	ok 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5 ok 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4			
	ig-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Teachin	ig hear ning i rocess	Module-4		
Puch Do	wn Automata: Definition o	f the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA.		
I USII DO	wii Automata. Demitton o	i the Languages of a LDA.		
Svntax	Analysis Phase of Compile	rs: Part-2: Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More		
-	ll LR parsers			
	1			
Textboo	ok1: Chapter 6 - 6.1, 6.2			
	ok2: Chapter 4 - 4.5, 4.6, 4			
Teachir	g-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning		
		Module-5		
Introdu	ction to Turing Machine	e: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine,		
problem	s, Programming Techniques	s for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine		
Undecid	lability : A language That Is	Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE.		
		tax Directed Translation- Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation		
Orders f	or SDD's. Intermediate-Coo	de Generation - Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code.		
Codo Co	nonation leaves in the Dec	ion of a Code Conceptor		
Code Ge	eneration- Issues in the Des	Ign of a code Generator		
Textbo	ok1: Chapter 8 - 8.1, 8.2,8.	3 8 4 Chanter 9 - 9 1 9 2		
	-	hapter 6- 6.1,6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1		
	g-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
	e Outcomes			
	end of the course the studer	nt will be able to:		
		standing of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of		
	Computation	standing of the core concepts in automatic theory and theory of		
CO 2	COMputation CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators			
	CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators CO 3. Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become			
005.	knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative			
powers.				
CO 4	*			
	CO 4. Acquire fundamental understanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata theory and Theory of Computation to design Compilers			
	<i>v v i</i>			
		ls for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in		
	the field of compilers			
	nent Details (both CIE and			
The wei	The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

1. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Perason.

Reference:

- 1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran, 3rd Edition, 'Theory of Computer Science", PHI, 2012.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers,1998.
- 4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
- 3. https://www.jflap.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

V Semester

COMPUTER NETWORKS			
Course Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Fundamentals of data communication networks.

CLO 2. Software and hardware interfaces

CLO 3. Application of various physical components and protocols

CLO 4. Communication challenges and remedies in the networks.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to networks: Network hardware, Network software, Reference models,

Physical Layer: Guided transmission media, Wireless transmission

Textbook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to 2.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Implement Three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them for different topologies. 1Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped for various iterations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-2	

The Data link layer: Design issues of DLL, Error detection and correction, Elementary data link protocols, Sliding window protocols.

The medium access control sublayer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols.

Textbook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 and 4.2

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the throughput with respect to transmission of packets
- 2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-3		
The Network Layer:			
Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.			
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4			
Laboratory Component:			
	f ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6		
	of packets dropped due to congestion in the network. shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
	ort Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The		
internet transport protocols.			
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.	1 to 6 5 7		
Laboratory Component:	100.5.7		
	N using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion		
window for different source			
	tion control using leaky bucket algorithm.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-5		
Application Layer: Principles of Internet, DNS—The Internet's Direc	Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the tory Service.		
Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	-		
At the end of the course the student			
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of con			
CO 2. Interpret the communication	on challenges and its solution. In the solution system network components		
CO 4. Design communication net			
Assessment Details (both CIE and			
-	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
0 0	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} w			
2. Second test at the end of the			
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks			
_	4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the e	nd of 9 th week of the semester		
Practical Sessions need to be assess	ed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute		
to 20 marks .			
Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.			

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html
- 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

	DATA	BASE MANAG	EMENT SYSTEMS	
Course Cod		21CS53	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 1	I. Provide a strong foundat	ion in database	concepts, technology, ai	nd practice.
CLO 2	2. Practice SQL programming	ng through a vai	riety of database problem	ms.
	3. Demonstrate the use of c	-		
	 Design and build databas 		or real world problems.	
Teaching-I	earning Process (Genera	l Instructions)		
	ample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.				h - J h
1.	Lecturer method (L) need			
2.	effective teaching method	-		
	Use of Video/Animation t	-	• •	15.
3.	Encourage collaborative (laas which momentes
4.	Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking.	igner order Thir	iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
5.	-			
	design thinking skills such	n as the ability to	o design, evaluate, gener	ralize, and analyze
	information rather than simply recall it.			
6.				
7.				
encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
	helps improve the studen	ts' understandir	ıg.	
		Modu	le-1	
Introductio	on to Databases: Introduct	tion, Characteris	tics of database approa	ch, Advantages of using the
DBMS appr	oach, History of database aj	pplications.		
Overview of	of Database Languages an	d Architecture	s: Data Models, Schema	s, and Instances. Three
schema				
	e and data independence, d	atabase languag	es, and interfaces, The I	Database System
environme	nt.			
Concentra	l Data Madalling using En	tition and Dolo	tionahina. Entity tymas	Entity acts attailutes
-	l Data Modelling using En tructural constraints, Weak			Entity sets, attributes,
Toles, allu s	li uctui ai consti annts, weak	entity types, Er	Culagranis, Examples	
Textbook	1. Ch 1 1 to 1 8 2 1 to 2	2631to37		
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
i cuching i		Modu	×	iem babea ieu inig
Relational	Model: Relational Model			nts and relational database
	pdate operations, transaction	-		
_, _,				
Relational	Algebra: Unary and Binary	y relational oper	rations, additional relat	ional operations (aggregate
	tc.) Examples of Queries in	relational algeb	ra.	

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational

mapping.

Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Demonstration
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Module-3

SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

NIL

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

	PRINC	IPLES OF ARTIF	ICIAL INTELLIGENCE	
Course Code		21AI54	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1.	hing Objectives Gain a historical perspect Become familiar with ba		foundations I toward problem solvin	σ
			ception, Uncertain Knowl	-
	arning Process (Genera			
_		-	ccelerate the attainment	of the various course
	rer method (L) does not ods may be adopted to d			different type of teaching
2. Show	Video/animation films	to explain function	ning of various concepts.	
3. Enco	urage collaborative (Gro	oup Learning) Lear	ming in the class.	
4. Ask a think		ner order Thinking	g) questions in the class, w	which promotes critical
-			sters students' Analytica and analyze information	l skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall it.
6. Topic	cs will be introduced in a	a multiple represe	ntation.	
7. Show	the different ways to so	olve the same prob	lem and encourage the s	tudents to come up with
their	own creative ways to so	lve them.		
8. Discu	iss how every concept ca	an be applied to th	e real world - and when	that's possible, it helps
impro	ove the students' unders	standing.		
		Modu	ıle-1	
Introduction	: What is AI? Foundation	ns and History of A	AI	
Intelligent A structure of a		vironment, Conce	pt of Rationality, The	nature of environment, The
	Chapter 1- 1.1, 1.2, 1.3		2.2, 2.3, 2.4	
-	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning.		
Learning				
Process				
		Modu		
Strategies: Br	eadth First search, Dept	h First Search, Iter	oblems, Searching for Sol rative deepening depth fi	utions Uninformed Search rst search;
	Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Demo	nstration	
Learning				
Process				
		Modu		
	-			arch. Heuristic Functions
		jents, me wumpu	s wortu, Logic, Fropositio	onal logic, Reasoning patterns
in Propositior				
Text book 1:	<u> Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ch</u>			
•	Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ch Chalk and board, Prob			

Process	
	Module-4
First Order La logic.	ogic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order
	F irst Order Logic : Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, ining, Resolution
Text book 1:	Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
Probability No World Revisite	
	Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning.
Learning	
Process	
Course Outco	
	he course the student will be able to: howledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different
	cations.
	se Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
	op knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic
	instrating agents, searching and inferencing
	ate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning. Details (both CIE and SEE)
Assessment	Jetans (both the and see)
The weightage	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
-	sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
	es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a
	0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End	l Examination) taken together
Continuous In	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
1. First t	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignme	ents each of 10 Marks
4 Finat	project at the end of 4th week of the competen
	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester Id assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
-	hours) OR Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to
	o submit the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept learning,
	on of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)
6. At the	e end of the 13 th week of the semester
	ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and

will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig , Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson,2015 **Reference:**

- 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
- 2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies – DFS & BFS, Reasoning and Uncertainty problems - reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule , A teacher does not know exactly what a student understand etc.

V Semester

Γ	DATABASE MANAGEMEN	T SYSTEM LAB	ORATORY WITH MIN	NI PROJECT
Course Cod		21CSL55	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03
Course Lear	ning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Fou	ndation knowledge in databa	ase concepts, tech	nology and practice to g	room students into
well	l-informed database applicat	ion developers.		
	ng practice in SQL programm	-	riety of database proble	ms.
	elop database applications us		• •	
Sl. No.		-	ning (Max. Exam Marks	. 50)
	Design, develop, and impler	nent the specified	d queries for the followir	ng problems using
	Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Serv	ver, or any other	DBMS under LINUX/Win	dows environment.
	Create Schema and insert at	t least 5 records f	or each table. Add appro	priate database
	constraints.			
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applyin	g the view concepts on the	e tables.
			harry Datahara	
	ProgramConsider the followi BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publi			
	BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id,		Italj	
	PUBLISHER(Name, Address			
	BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Pro		of Conies)	
	BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, P			ate)
	LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Pro			
	Write SQL queries to	0 - /	0 - /	,
		books in the librar	y – id, title, name of publi	sher, authors, number of
	copies in each Programme, et			
		borrowers who ha	we borrowed more than 3	books, but
	from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017.			a b .
			contents of other tables t	to reflect this
	data manipulation operation.		- familie tim Damanatur	to ite
	4. Partition the BOOK tal	ble based on year	of publication. Demonstra	ite its working
		oks and its numbe	er of copies that are curren	ntly available in
	the Library.		er of copies that are curren	itty available ill
	Reference:			
	https://www.youtube.com/v	watch?v=AaSU-AO	guls	
	https://www.youtube.com/w			
2	Aim: Discuss the various con	,		
	Program: Consider the follow			
	SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Na			
	CUSTOMER(Customer_id, C			
	ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase	_Amt, Ord_Date, (Lustomer_1d, Salesman_1	iaj
	Write SQL queries to	dag ahawa Danzal	oro's avorage	
	Count the customers with gra 2. Find the name and num			customer
	3. List all the salesman and			
	(Use UNION operation.)	i multate those wi	no nave and don t nave cu	Stomers in their titles
	4. Create a view that finds	the salesman who	has the customer with th	e highest order of a day
	5. Demonstrate the DELET			
	also be deleted.	_ operation by It	with the second in with the	
	Reference:			
	https://www.youtube.com	n <u>/watch?v=AA-KL</u>	<u>1jbMeY</u>	

1 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=75_tz1z_5bA 3 Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations. Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender) DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone) MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIES(Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to 1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'. 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2 operation). 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one r the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkF284 4 4 Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table. Program: Consider the schema for College Database: STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC(SISI, Sem, Sce) CLASS(USN, Subcode, SID), Test1, Test2, Test3, FinallA) Write SQL queries to 1. List all the st	
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Reference:	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?y=horHROewW9c	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk	
5 Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting qu	ed nesting queries and also
EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.	
Program: Consider the schema for Company Database:	
EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)	
DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)	
DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)	
PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)	
WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)	
Write SQL queries to	
Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last n	
either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.	project.

Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percer
raise.
Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as th maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department
number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number an
the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.
Reference:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts
PedagogyFor the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
PART B
Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more
tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.
ourse Outcomes:
t the end of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.

CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

V Semester

	ANGULAR JS A		
	(Practical		50
Course Code:	21CSL581	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives: The stude			
CLO 1. To learn the basics of A	-		
CLO 2. To understand the Ang			
CLO 3. To implement Forms,	-		
CLO 4. To implement Directiv			
CLO 5. To understand basics	of Node JS.		
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, w outcomes.	hich teachers can use to	accelerate the attainmen	t of the various course
1. Lecturer method (L) n	eed not to be only a trad	litional lecture method, bi	ut alternative effective
	d be adopted to attain th		
6	on to explain functioning		
,	ve (Group Learning) Lea	· ·	
-) questions in the class, w	which promotes critical
thinking.	(inglief of der Thinking	j questions in the class, w	men promotes er titear
5. Adopt Problem Based	Learning (PBL), which f	osters students' Analytica	l skills, develop design
thinking skills such as	the ability to design, eva	luate, generalize, and ana	alyze information rather
than simply recall it.	,		y
	anifold representations.		
-	-	blem with different logic	and an courage the
	· ·	-	and encourage the
-	rith their own creative w	•	
		he real world - and when	that's possible, it helps
improve the students'	×		
	Modul		
Introduction To Angular JS : Directives and Controllers.	Introduction – Features	– Angular JSModel-View	-Controller – Expression -
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-2			
Angular JS Modules: Arrays -	-Working with ng-mode	l – Working with Forms	– Form Validation – Error
Handling with Forms - Nested	Forms with ng-form - 0	ther Form Controls.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-3			
Directives& Building Databa	ses:		
Part I- Filters - Using Filters	in Controllers and Ser	vices – Angular JS Servi	ces – Internal Angular JS
Services – Custom Angular JS S	ervices		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-4			
Directives& Building Databa			
Part-II- Directives – Alternati	ves to Custom Directive	es – Understanding the B	asic options – Interacting
with Server –HTTP Services –	Building Database, Front	End and BackEnd	
Teaching-Learning Process		tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-5			-
Introduction to NODE .JS:	ntroduction -Using the	Terminals – Editors –B	uilding a Webserver with
Node – The HTTPModule – Vie			-

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014. **Reference Books**
 - 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
 - 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWmOKmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

	C# AND .NE	T FRAMEWORK	
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives:			!
CLO 1. Understand the bas			
CLO 2. Learn the variables			
CLO 3. Know the object-or			
CLO 4. Learn the basic stru			
CLO 5. Learn to create a sin Teaching-Learning Proces			
	-		
These are sample Strategies outcomes.	, which teachers can us	se to accelerate the attainme	nt of the various course
-) need not to be only a ould be adopted to atta	traditional lecture method, l ain the outcomes.	out alternative effective
•	-	ning of various concepts.	
-	ative (Group Learning)	-	
 Ask at least three H thinking. 	OT (Higher order Thin	king) questions in the class,	which promotes critical
5. Adopt Problem Bas	ed Learning (PBL), whi	ich fosters students' Analytic	al skills, develop design:
_		, evaluate, generalize, and ar	alyze information rather
than simply recall it			
_	manifold representation		
		problem with different circu	its/logic and encourage
the students to com	e up with their own cr	eative ways to solve them.	
8. Discuss how every of	concept can be applied	to the real world - and when	ı that's possible, it helps
improve the studen			
		odule-1	
Introduction to C#			
Part-I: Understanding C#,	.NET, overview of	C#, Variables, Data Types	s, Operators, Expressions
Branching, Looping, Method	s, implicit and explicit	casting.	
Teaching-Learning Proces	s Active learning		
	Mo	odule-2	
Part-II: Constants, Arrays,	Array Class, Array List,	String, String Builder, Struc	ture, Enumerations, boxing
and unboxing.			
Teaching-Learning Proces			
		odule-3	
Object Oriented Concepts - Class, Objects, Constructo polymorphism.		heritance, properties, ind	exers, index overloading
Teaching-Learning Proces	s Active learning		
		odule-4	
Object Oriented Concepts -		Juule-4	
object of fented concepts-	11.		

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.

Reference Books

1. Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.

2. Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010. Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to C# : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</u>
- 2. Object Oriented Concepts : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</u>
- 3. .NET FRAMEWORK : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

VI Semester

			IG & PROJECT MANA	
Course Cod		21CS61	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2	 Arning Objectives Outline software engineer programs. Identify ethication Software Engineers. Describe the process of r specification and require Infer the fundamentals o 	ll and professio equirement gat ments validatio	nal issues and explain w hering, requirement clas m.	hy they are of concern to ssification, requirement
CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6 CLO 7	 diagrams and apply designation 4. Explain the role of DevOp 5. Discuss various types of 6. Recognize the importanc 7. Identify software quality metrics. List software qu 	gn patterns. os in Agile Impl software testing e Project Mana parameters an ality standards	ementation. g practices and software gement with its methods d quantify software usin and outline the practices	evolution processes. and methodologies. g measurements and
Гeaching-I	earning Process (Genera	l Instructions)		
outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	s could be adop o explain functi Group Learning igher order This arning (PBL), wh n as the ability t imply recall it. Fold representat o solve the sam o come up with ot can be applie ts' understandi	oted to attain the outcom oning of various concept g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener cions. e problem with different their own creative ways d to the real world - and ng.	tes. cs. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze c circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu		
engineering Models, Pro	on: The evolving role of g, A Process Framework, Process Technology, Product a l: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3	rocess Patterns		
Process M	odels: Prescriptive mode dels, Specialized process m		nodel, Incremental pro	ocess models, Evolutional

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-2
Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3
Building the Analysis Models : Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-3
Software Testing : A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Test Strategies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to 13.7
Agile Methodology & DevOps: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,
What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C's of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, Challenges with DevOps Implementation. Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-4
Introduction to Project Management:
Introduction, Project and Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.
Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.17
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-5
Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.
Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16
Software Quality: Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the $10^{\rm th}$ week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2018.

- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. **Reference:**

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

- Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 - 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview</u>
 - 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlI</u>
 - 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
 - 4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html
 - 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

VI Semester

DATA	A SCIENCE AND ITS	S APPLICATIONS	
Course Code	21AD62	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Demonstrate the profici interpret the data findi CLO 2.Utilize the CLO 3. skills in data manageme CLO 4.Make use of machine lea CLO 5. Experiment with decisie CLO 6. Demonstrate how socia Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does n teaching methods may be ac 2. Show Video/animation film	ngs visually ent by obtaining, clean urning models to solve on trees, neural netw l clustering shape ind ral Instructions) ceacher can use to acc ot mean only traditio dopted to develop the s to explain functioni	ning and transforming th e the business-related ch ork layers and data parti lividuals and groups in co celerate the attainment o nal lecture method, but c e outcomes. ng of various concepts.	e data. allenges tion. ontemporary society. f the various course
 Encourage collaborative (Gi Ask at least three HOTS (High thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learn skills such as the ability to exit. Topics will be introduced in 7. Show the different ways to a state of the state of	gher order Thinking) hing (PBL), which fost valuate, generalize, a a multiple represent	questions in the class, w ters students' Analytical and analyze information r	skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall
 8. Discuss how every concept improve the students' under 	solve them. can be applied to the	-	_
Module-1: Introduction	i stantanigi		
What is Data Science? Visualizit Algebra, Vectors, Matrices, Statist Some Other Correlational Cavea Independence, Conditional Probabi The Normal Distribution, The Centra Chapters 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6	i cs, Describing a Sin ats, Correlation an lity, Bayes's Theorer	gle Set of Data, Correlat d Causation, Probabi	ion, Simpson's Paradox, lity, Dependence and
Laboratory Component:			
 Installation of Python/R lan Kaggle data set usage. 			_
 Write programs in Python Community Edition or any of A study was conducted to u on their performance in th 	other suitable enviror inderstand the effect	nment. of number of hours the	students spent studying

on their performance in the final exams. Write a code to plot line chart with number of hours spent studying on x-axis and score in final exam on y-axis. Use a red '*' as the point character, label the axes and give the plot a title.

	Number of hrs spent	10	9	2	15	10	16	11	16	
	studying (x) Score in the final exam (0 - 100)	95	80	10	50	45	98	38	93	
	check the f	requency	distributi		variable 'm				a histograi	m to
Learnin Process	g	 2. PPT 3. Live 	Presentat coding an	ion for Th d executio	eorems an		distributio vith simple			
Using Na Dimensi		s, Datacla luction.	-	-			-	-	oring Your I An Aside: to	
1. • • •	about book Import the Find and di Change the	the ww.kaggl ss. Write a data into rop the co Index of lds in the	a program a DataFra olumns wl the DataF data such	to demon ame nich are ir rame as date of	nidayo/pu listrate the relevant fo f publicatio	blication-o following. or the book on with the	informatio	vhich conta on.	rom Ka ains informa ar expressio	
Teachin Learnin Process										
Modeling Tradeoff The Curs	3: Machin g, What Is , Feature E se of Dimer	e Learni Machine xtraction sionality	ng e Learnin and Selec , Naive Ba	g?, Overfi ction, k-N a yes, A Re	itting and earest Ne eally Dumb	Underfitt i ghbors, T Spam Filt	ing, Corre he Model, er, A More	Example: ' Sophistica	e Bias-Vari The Iris Dat ated Spam F he Model, U	aset, ilter,

Gradient Descent, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, **Multiple Regression**, The Model, Further Assumptions of the Least Squares Model, Fitting the Model, Interpreting the Model, Goodness of Fit, Digression: The Bootstrap, Standard Errors of Regression Coefficients, Regularization, **Logistic Regression**, The Problem, The Logistic Function, Applying the Model, Goodness of Fit, Support Vector Machines.

Chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Train a regularized logistic regression classifier on the iris dataset (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/ or the inbuilt iris dataset) using sklearn. Train the model with the following hyper parameter C = 1e4 and report the best classification accuracy.
- 2. Train an SVM classifier on the iris dataset using sklearn. Try different kernels and the associated hyper parameters. Train model with the following set of hyper parameters RBF-kernel, gamma=0.5, one-vs-rest classifier, no-feature-normalization. Also try C=0.01,1,10C=0.01,1,10. For the above set of hyper parameters, find the best classification accuracy along with total number of support vectors on the test data

Teaching-	1.	Demonstration of Models
Learning	2.	PPT Presentation for techniques
Process	3.	Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-4: Decision Trees

What Is a Decision Tree?, Entropy, The Entropy of a Partition, Creating a Decision Tree, Putting It All Together, Random Forests, **Neural Networks**, Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation, Example: Fizz Buzz, **Deep Learning**, The Tensor, The Layer Abstraction, The Linear Layer, Neural Networks as a Sequence of Layers, Loss and Optimization, Example: XOR Revisited, Other Activation Functions, Example: Fizz Buzz Revisited, Softmaxes and Cross-Entropy, Dropout, Example: MNIST, Saving and Loading Models, **Clustering**, The Idea, The Model, Example: Meetups, Choosing k, Example: Clustering Colors, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering **Chapters 17, 18, 19 and 20**

Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the following dataset. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm.

Price	Maintenance	Capacity	Airbag	Profitable
Low	Low	2	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Low	Low	4	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	No	No
Low	High	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Med	High	2	Yes	No
Med	High	5	No	Yes
High	Med	4	Yes	Yes
high	Med	2	Yes	Yes
High	High	2	Yes	No
high	High	5	yes	Yes

2. Consider the dataset spiral.txt (https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly). The first two columns in the dataset corresponds to the co-ordinates of each data point. The third column corresponds to the actual cluster label. Compute the rand index for the following methods:

• K – m	neans Clustering			
	e – link Hierarchical Clustering			
-	olete link hierarchical clustering.			
• Also	visualize the dataset and which algorithm will be able to recover the true clusters.			
Teaching-				
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for decision tree, Neural Network, Deep learning and clustering			
Process	3. Live coding for the concepts with simple examples			
	4. Project Work: Algorithm implementation			
	atural Language Processing			
Vectors, Recu Betweenness Manual Cura	, n-Gram Language Models, Grammars, An Aside: Gibbs Sampling, Topic Modeling, Word urrent Neural Networks, Example: Using a Character-Level RNN, Network Analysis , Centrality, Eigenvector Centrality, Directed Graphs and PageRank, Recommender Systems , tion, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Filtering, Matrix Factorization.			
Chapters 21,				
Laboratory C	<i>component:</i> Project – Simple web scrapping in social media			
Teaching-	1. Demonstration of models			
Learning	 Demonstration of models PPT Presentation for network analysis and Recommender systems 			
Process	3. Live coding with simple examples			
1100033	5. Live county with shiple examples			
Course outco	ome (Course Skill Set)			
	the course the student will be able to:			
	ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools.			
	use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate			
data.				
	e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models.			
	onstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering.			
-	riment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to			
	op data driven applications.			
Assessment	Details (both CIE and SEE)			
The minimum deemed to ha course if the (SEE), and a	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. In passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ave satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and SEE (Semester End Evamination) taken together			
Evaluationja	nd SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
-	nd SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous I				
Continuous I Three Unit Te	nternal Evaluation:			
Continuous I Three Unit Te 1. First	nternal Evaluation: sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)			
Continuous I Three Unit Te 1. First 2. Secor	nternal Evaluation: sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) test at the end of 5 th week of the semester			
Continuous I Three Unit Te 1. First 2. Secor 3. Third	nternal Evaluation: sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) test at the end of 5 th week of the semester nd test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester			
Continuous I Three Unit Te 1. First 2. Secon 3. Third Two assignme	nternal Evaluation: sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) test at the end of 5 th week of the semester nd test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester I test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester ents each of 10 Marks			
Continuous I Three Unit Te 1. First 2. Secon 3. Third Two assignme 4. First	nternal Evaluation: sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) test at the end of 5 th week of the semester nd test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester I test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch", 2ndEdition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-9352138326

Reference Books

- 1. Emily Robinson and Jacqueline Nolis, "Build a Career in Data Science", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2020. ISBN: 978-1617296246.
- AurélienGéron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-1492032649.
- François Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1617294433
- Jeremy Howard and Sylvain Gugger, "Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2020. ISBN-13: 978-1492045526
- Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2", 3rd Edition, Packt Publishing Limited, 2019.ISBN-13: 978-1789955750

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Using Python : https://www.python.org
- 2. R Programming : https://www.r-project.org/
- 3. Python for Natural Language Processing : https://www.nltk.org/book/
- 4. Data set: <u>https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly</u>
- 5. Data set: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html

- 6. Data set : www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars
- 7. Pycharm : <u>https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/</u>
- 8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106179/
- 9. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/
- 10. http://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - Applying the machine learning techniques and developing models

VI Semester

		MACHINE L	EARNING	
Course Code		21AI63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. Defin CLO 2. Differ CLO 3. Unde CLO 4. Unde CLO 5. Perfo Teaching-Lea These are sam outcomes. 1. I 2. U 3. F 4. <i>A</i> t 5. <i>A</i> t t 5. <i>A</i> t t 5. <i>A</i>	eaching methods could be Jse of Video/Animation to Encourage collaborative (G Ask at least three HOT (Hi hinking. Adopt Problem Based Leas hinking skills such as the han simply recall it. ntroduce Topics in manife	pervised and rein of learning and c es for problems a <u>machine learning</u> Instructions) cher can use to ac s not to be only the e adopted to attain e explain function Group Learning) gher order Think crning (PBL), whice ability to design, old representation o solve the same p	forcement learning lecision trees. appear in machine learni techniques. ccelerate the attainment raditional lecture method n the outcomes. ting of various concepts. Learning in the class. ing) questions in the class ch fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and ns. problem with different ci	ng of the various course d, but alternative effective ss, which promotes critical ytical skills, develop design d analyse information rather
			to the real world - and w	hen that's possible, it helps
i	mprove the students' und			
Introduction		Modu	le-1	
Concept lear Concept Lear bias.		roblems – Desi aces and Candida Chapter 1 and 2	gning Learning systems te Elimination Algorithm	fML s, Perspectives and Issues n –Remarks on VS- Inductiv
	·	Modu	le-2	
Discover and	visualize the data, Prepar	e the data, select	and train the model, Fine	-
analysis, mult	i label classification, mult			ulticlass classification, erro
	Chapter 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and board, Active	Learning		

Process				
	Module-3			
-	lels: Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized logistic regression			
Support Vect	or Machine: linear, Nonlinear , SVM regression and under the hood			
Text book 2:	Chapter 4, Chapter 5			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Learning				
Process				
	Module-4			
	es Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training, l complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability			
Ensemble lea forests, Boosti	rning and Random Forest : Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random ng, stacking			
Text book 2:	Chapter 6, Chapter 7			
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
Learning				
Process				
	Module-5			
	em – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes ifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM Chapter 6			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Learning				
Process				
Course Outco	mes			
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:			
	rstand the concept of Machine Learning and Concept Learning.			
	the concept of ML and various classification methods in a project.			
	CO 3. Analyse various training models in ML and the SVM algorithm to be implemented.			
	the ML concept in a decision tree structure and implementation of Ensemble learning and			
	Random Forest. CO 5. Apply Bayes techniques and explore more about the classification in ML.			
	Details (both CIE and SEE)			
	The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The			
-	minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to			
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the			
student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a				
minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE				
(Semester End Examination) taken together.				
	nternal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Te	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)			
1. First t	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester			
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester			
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 2. Aurelien Geron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn & TensorFlow, O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd 2019

Reference:

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2nd Ed., 2013
- 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
- 3. Machine Learning using Python, Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley, 2019
- 4. Machine Learning, Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson, 2020 Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 - 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6_SY5qznc77
 - 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

VI Semester

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE			
Course Code	21AI641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.

- CLO 2. Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CLO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CLO 4. Explore knowledge management; explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- CLO 5. Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Decision Support and Business Intelligence: Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments and Computerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, An Early Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), A framework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support.

Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

Module-2

Computerized Decision Support: Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, The Intelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions Are Supported.

Modeling and Analysis: Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, and Risk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, and Goal

Seeking.	
Text Book 1:	•
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-3
	Dusing: Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview, using Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
Text Book 1:	
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Transformatio	Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning and on, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information T) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation.
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	chark and board, fietive learning, benionstration
Process	
1100033	Module-5
Text Book 1: Teaching-	efits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems. Chapter 12 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning Process	
	ome (Course Skill Set)
	the course the student will be able to:
	7 the basics of data and business to understand Decision Support systems and Business igence framework.
Unde	ibe the significance of Computerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to rstand the mathematical modeling behind decision support. in Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
Proce	
imple CO 5. Descr	ementation ibe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application
	perts system.
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Book

1. Business Intelligence, A managerial Perspective on Analytics. Sharda, R, Delen D, Turban E.Pearson. 2014

Reference Books

- 1. Data Mining Techniques. For Marketing, Sales and Customer Relationship Management Berry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
- 2. Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O'Reilly Media, Inc2013

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3DTFmMNiGlg
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hg8zBJ1DhLQ</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	ADVANCED JAVA	PROGRAMMING		
Course Code	21CS642	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03				
Course Learning Objectives	-	i		
CLO 1. Understanding the f CLO 2. Apply the concepts of CLO 3. Demonstrate the fur CLO 4. Design and develop CLO 5. Apply database inter	of Generic classes in J ndamental concepts of web applications us	Java programs of String operations ing Java servlets and JS		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gen		under connectivity		
These are sample Strategies, whic outcomes.	h teachers can use to			
		a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcon		
-	-	oning of various concep		
	•	0		
4. Ask at least three HO	4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes			
critical thinking.				
_	s such as the ability to	iich fosters students' Ar o design, evaluate, gene		
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
helps improve the st			x ,	
* *	Modu	*		
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Enumerations, Ednumeration fur class types, enumerations inherits Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Autoboxing/Unboxing helps preve Annotations, Annotation basics, s reflection, Annotated element in	ndamentals, the valu Enum, example, typ Expressions, Autol ent errors, A word of pecifying retention p	e wrappers, Autoboxing boxing/Unboxing, Bool warning policy, obtaining annot:	g, Autoboxing methods, lean and character values, ations at run time by use of	
annotations, Built in annotations	internace, osnig den	ant values, marker n.	iniotations, single includer	
Textbook 1: Chapter12 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	Inline demonstration	Problem based learning	
reaching-Lean ning Process	Modu		riobienii baseu leat ning	
Conorics What are Conorise A			with Two Type Devenators	
Generics: What are Generics, A The General Form of a Generic O Creating a Generic Method, Gene Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some O	class, Bounded Type eric Interfaces, Raw	s, Using Wildcard Argu	ments, Bounded Wildcards,	
Textbook 1: Chapter 14				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, (Online Demonstration		
	Modu	le-3		
String Handling: The String Cons	structors String Leng	oth Special String Oper	ations Character Extraction	

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder

Textbook 1: Chapter 15					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
	Module-4				
Background; The life cycle of a servlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package Reading servlet parameter; the javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Cookies; Session Tracking, Java Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control statements, Loops, Request String, Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects					
Textbook 1: Chapter 31 Textbook 2: Chapter 11					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
	Module-5				
	Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database BC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Data Types; Exceptions.				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the studer	nt will be able to:				
•	nental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations				
CO 2. Apply the concepts of Gen					
CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts	S 1				
	rations using Java servlets and JSP				
	ction and transaction processing in Java				
Assessment Details (both CIE an	-				
	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.				
	The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En					
Continuous Internal Evaluation:					
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks					
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}					
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester					
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester					
Two assignments each of 10 Marks					
-	4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester				
-	end of 9 th week of the semester				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20					
Marks (duration 01 hours)					
6. At the end of the 13 th wee	k of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assignments	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks					
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
CIE methods /question paper ha	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for t	he course.				
Semester End Examination:					
	y University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question				
papers for the subject (duration 0	3 hours)				
1. The question paper will have	ave ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks				

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/</u>
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

VI Semester

NA	TURAL LANGUA	GE PROCESSING			
Course Code	21AI643	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
effective teaching meth	of natural languag ots Text mining. retrieval techniqu ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop	es. o accelerate the attainmo a traditional lecture met ited to attain the outcom	hod, but alternative nes.		
-	-	oning of various concept	ts.		
4. Ask at least three HOT					
design thinking skills su information rather than 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way	uch as the ability t n simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the sam cept can be applied	e program d to the real world - and 1g.	-		
Overview and language modeling Processing Indian Languages- NLI Grammar- based Language Models-S Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2	P Applications-In	formation Retrieval. La			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Online demonstration,	Problem based learning		
5 5	Modu		0		
Word level and syntactic analysi Morphological Parsing-Spelling Erro Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4	s: Word Level An or Detection and o	alysis: Regular Express correction-Words and V	Word classes-Part-of Speech		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Online Demonstration			
	Modu	le-3			
Extracting Relations from Text: Fi Introduction, Subsequence Kernels Extraction and Experimental Evalua	for Relation Ex				
Mining Diagnostic Text Reports Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, E Cases with Knowledge Roles and Eva	Frame Semantics				

A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search: InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience.

Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-4

Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems,

Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures: Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments.

Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling: Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results.

Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining: Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining.

Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

 Module-5

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.

Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
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Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyse the natural language text.
- CO 2. Define the importance of natural language.
- CO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining.
- CO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
- 3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

DATA SECURITY AND PRIVACY				
Course Code	21AD644	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Identify standard algorithms used to provide confidentiality, integrity and authenticity for data.
- CLO 2. Distinguish key distribution and management schemes.
- CLO 3. Deploy encryption techniques to secure data in transit across data networks
- CLO 4. Implement security applications in the field of Information technology
- CLO 5. Demonstrate data privacy

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: Classical Encryption Techniques

Symmetric Cipher Model, Cryptography, Cryptanalysis and Brute-Force Attack, Substitution Techniques, Caesar Cipher, Mono-alphabetic Cipher, Playfair Cipher, Hill Cipher, Poly alphabetic Cipher, One Time Pad.

Block Ciphers and the data encryption standard: Traditional block Cipher structure, stream Ciphers and block Ciphers, Motivation for the feistel Cipher structure, the feistel Cipher, The data encryption standard, DES encryption, DES decryption, A DES example, results, the avalanche effect, the strength of DES, the use of 56-Bit Keys, the nature of the DES algorithm, timing attacks, Block cipher design principles, number of rounds, design of function F, key schedule algorithm.

Text Book1: Chapter 3, Chapter 4

Teaching-	1. PPT – Cryptographic techniques
Learning	2. Demonstration of structure of Block ciphers, encryption standards
Process	3. Chalk and Board
	4. Problem solving

Module-2: Public-Key Cryptography and RSA

Principles of public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptosystems. Applications for public-key cryptosystems, requirements for public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalysis. The RSA algorithm, description of the algorithm, computational aspects, the security of RSA.

Other Public-Key Cryptosystems: Diffiehellman key exchange, The algorithm, key exchange protocols, man

in the middle attack, Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Elliptic curve arithmetic, abelian groups, elliptic curves over real numbers, elliptic curves over Zp, elliptic curves overGF(2m), Elliptic curve cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellman key exchange, Elliptic curve encryption/ decryption, security of Elliptic curve cryptography, Pseudorandom number generation based on a asymmetric cipher

Text Book 1: Chapter 9 1. PPT – Cryptographic algorithms **Teaching-**Learning 2. Demonstration of key exchange protocols Process Module-3: Key Management and Distribution Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric encryption, A key distribution scenario, Hierarchical key control, session key lifetime, a transparent key control scheme, Decentralized key control, controlling key usage, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, simple secret key distribution, secret key distribution with confidentiality and authentication, A hybrid scheme, distribution of public keys, public announcement of public keys, publicly available directory, public key authority, public keys certificates, X-509 certificates. Certificates, X-509 version 3, Public Key infrastructure **Text Book 1: Chapter 14 Teaching-**1. PPT – Cryptographic algorithms 2. Demonstration of key distribution scenario Learning Process Module-4: An Introduction to privacy preserving data mining Privacy-Preserving Data Mining Algorithms, The Randomization Method, Group Based Anonymization. **Text Book 2: Chapter 2** 1. PPT – Privacy Preserving Algorithms **Teaching-**Learning 2. Demonstration of Randomization method Process **Module-5: Distributed Privacy** Distributed Privacy-Preserving Data Mining, Privacy-Preservation of Application Results, Limitations of Privacy: The Curse of Dimensionality, Applications of Privacy-Preserving Data Mining **Text Book 2: Chapter 2** 3. PPT – On Privacy preservation applications Teaching-Learning 4. Demonstration of dimensionality curse in data mining Process **Course Outcomes** At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Identify the vulnerabilities in any computing system and hence to choose security solution. CO 2. Plan to resolve the identified security issues. CO 3. Analyse security mechanisms using theoretical approaches CO 4. Recognize the importance of data privacy, limitations and applications CO 5. Organize the privacy preserving algorithms **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)** The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE

(Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 3. Cryptography and Network Security, William Stallings., Pearson 7th edition.
- 4. Privacy Preserving Data Mining: Models and Algorithms, Charu C. Aggarwal, Philip S Yu, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2008, ISBN 978-0-387-70991-8, DOI 10.1007/978- 0-387-70992-5

Reference Books:

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, McGraw Hill Education, 4th Edition.
- 2. Cryptography and Information Security, V K Pachghare, 2nd edition, PHI.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106221/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs91/preview
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc20/SEM1/noc20-cs02/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105162/
- 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106146/</u>
- 6. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nou19_cs08/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration using projects

IN	ΓRODUCTION ΤΟ Γ	DATA STRUCTURES	
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Introduce elementa CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear CLO 4. Assess appropriate Teaching-Learning Process (Ge These are sample Strategies, whi	a Structures: Stack, Qu Data Structures: Tre data structure during cneral Instructions)	es g program development	
outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) effective teaching m 2. Use of Video/Anima 3. Encourage collabora 4. Ask at least three Ho critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Base design thinking skill information rather t 6. Introduce Topics in 7. Show the different w) need not to be only a ethods could be adop tion to explain function ative (Group Learning DT (Higher order Thin ed Learning (PBL), wh s such as the ability to han simply recall it. manifold representat vays to solve the same ents to come up with t	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep () Learning in the class. hking) questions in the o hich fosters students' Ar o design, evaluate, gene ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways	chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
the students understanding.	Modu	le-1	
Introduction: Introduction to arrays: one-dime arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Introduction to Pointers: Pointer allocation, pointers applications. Introduction to structures and un initialization, arrays of structures Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,C Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.5	concepts, accessing v nions: Declaring struc s, nested structure, un h 12.3 to 12.19 51 ,2.80 to 2.98	variables through pointe tures, Giving values to r nions, size of structures.	ers, Dynamic memory
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning	
	Modu	le-2	
Linear Data Structures-Stacks Introduction, Stack representation Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basis types, Queue Implementation, Apr Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14, (Charles)	on in Memory, Stack ic concept, Logical re oplications of Queue.		
Teaching-Learning Process		tive Learning, Problem	Based Learning
6 6 6	Modu		0
Linear Data Structures-Linked Introduction, Linked list Basic c Singly-linked List Operations and	List: oncept, Logical repre	esentation of Linked lis	

Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning	
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-4	
Non Linear Data Structures – 7		
-	ary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal,	
Binary Search tree, Expression T	rees.	
Terethe elst. Ch 1(11)		
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2 Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,1	0.6.3	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
Sorting and Searching	House 5	
Sorting: Introduction, Bubble so	rt Selection sort Insertion sort	
Searching: Introduction, Linear s		
Scarening. Introduction, Entear c	icarcii, binary scarcii.	
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.	24 17311732	
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17. Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning	
Course Outcomes	chaik and board, Active Learning, Froblem based learning	
At the end of the course the stud	ant will be able to:	
	Ils of static and dynamic data structure.	
	types of data structure with their operations.	
CO 3. Interpret various search		
CO 4. Choose appropriate data		
	res in a high level language for problem solving.	
Assessment Details (both CIE a	-	
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
	End Examination) taken together	
Continuous Internal Evaluatio		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar		
1. First test at the end of 5		
	f the 10 th week of the semester	
	he 15 th week of the semester	
Two assignments each of 10 Ma		
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester		
_	e end of 9 th week of the semester	
	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we		
	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 m		
	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy	
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.	
Semester End Examination:		
Theory SEE will be conducted	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl 49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t_-ULoAZM</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS				
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives				
CLO 1. Understand the basic con	cepts and the appli	cations of database syst	ems.	
CLO 2. Understand the relationa				
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL		-		
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic is			encv control.	
Teaching-Learning Process (General		F		
 These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 				
DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.				
Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,Examples				
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2	2.6. 3.1 to 3.7			
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
Module-2				
Relational Model : Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relationaldatabase schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.				
Relational Algebra: Relational algebra: introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming,				
Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Oper of Queries in relational algebra.	rators, grouping an	d ungrouping, relationa	l comparison. Examples	
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.				
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;				

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
	Module-3			
	a types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, s in SQL, Additional features of SQL.			
•	lex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action nange statements in SQL.Database			
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
	Module-4			
Normalization: Database Des	sign Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and			
-	rmal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies,			
	ry Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form,			
	urth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples			
on normal forms.				
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1	5.1 to 15.6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
	Module-5			
Transaction management and	d Concurrency -Control Transaction management: ACID properties,			
serializability and concurrency c	ontrol, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping			
methods, optimistic methods, da	tabase recovery management.			
Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21	1 to 21.7;			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the stude				
CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS	ine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using			
	nguage (SQL) for database manipulation.			
CO 3. Design and build simple				
CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a				
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
course if the student secures no	t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40%	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n:			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluatio	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour)			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour)			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) h week of the semester			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester			
 (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5th 2. Second test at the end of 40% 3. Third test at the end of the test of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end of 40% 	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester			
 (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5% 2. Second test at the end of 5% 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the 	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester ^c the 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester e end of 9 th week of the semester			
 (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5th 2. Second test at the end of t 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the 	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester th the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester			
 (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5% 2. Second test at the end of 5% 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the 	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester th the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester e end of 9 th week of the semester any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks			

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow3041</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

INTRO	DUCTION TO	CYBER SECURITY			
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives	-				
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrim	e terminologies	and ACTs			
CLO 2. Understanding cybercrin			g with the tools for		
Cybercrime and prevent	ion		-		
CLO 3. Understand the motive a	and causes for cy	bercrime, cybercrimina	ls, and investigators		
CLO 4. Understanding criminal					
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera					
5 5 7	,				
These are sample Strategies, which tea	achers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course		
outcomes.					
1. Lecturer method (L) nee					
effective teaching metho					
2. Use of Video/Animation	•	0	.S.		
3. Encourage collaborative					
4. Ask at least three HOT (H	ligher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes		
critical thinking.					
5. Adopt Problem Based Le					
design thinking skills suc		o design, evaluate, genei	alize, and analyze		
information rather than s 6. Introduce Topics in mani		ions			
7. Show the different ways			t circuits /logic and		
encourage the students t					
8. Discuss how every conce					
helps improve the studer			when that's possible, it		
neipe improve die stader	Modu				
Introduction to Cybercrime:					
Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of		rcrime and Information	Security, Who are		
Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cyb	ercrimes,				
Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,					
Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective,	Cybercrime and	the Indian ITA 2000			
cyber crimes. An indian i erspective,	Cyber crime and	the mulan ITA 2000.			
Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).					
	alk and board, A	ctive Learning	-		
5 5	Modu	8			
Cyber offenses:					
How Criminals Plan Them: Introduc	tion How Crimin	als Plan the Attacks. So	cial Engineering Cyher		
stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.			eiai Engineering, ey ber		
Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Att	ack Vector				
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).					
	alk and board, A	ctive Learning			
	Modu	-			
Tools and Methods Used in Cybercr			onymizers. Phishing		
Password Cracking, Key loggers and S					
Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks					
00	,				

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Case studies				
	Module-4			
Understanding the people on the scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding cyber victims, understanding cyber investigators.				
The Computer Investigation pro	ocess: investigating computer crime.			
	evention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding king the Most of Hardware and Software Security			
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies			
	Module-5			
Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Dete or IP Address.	es: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and ction Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name			
criminal case, collecting digital evi documenting evidence.	I l Evidence: Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a dence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence,			
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.	Chalk and board, Case studies			
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes	Chaik and board, case studies			
	at will be able to			
 At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Describe the cyber crime terminologies CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention CO 3. Analyze the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators CO 4. Apply the methods for understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal 				
case and evidence.				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together				
Continuous Internal Evaluation				
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) First test at the end of 5th week of the semester Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks 				
 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks 				
 (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester 				
	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

	PROGRAMMING IN JAVA				
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Learn fundamental feat			/A.		
CLO 2. To create, debug and ru		-			
CLO 3. Learn object oriented c					
CLO 4. Study the concepts of in			8		
CLO 5. Discuss the String Han	<u> </u>	th Object Oriented con	cepts.		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	ral instructions)				
 These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 					
An Overview of Java : Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries.					
Data Types, Variables, and Arrays : Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings					
Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.					
Teaching-Learning Process0		oblem based learning			
Module-2					
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses,					
Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.					
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration					
Module-3					
Introducing Classes : Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class.					
A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer					

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.1-8.5

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Module-5			

Enumerations : Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

Reference Books:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

		MACHINE LEAR	NING LAB	
Course Code	9	21AIL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2. To le CLO 3. Com rein CLO 4. Able lear CLO 5. To in	forcement learning. to solve and analyse the ning techniques. mpart the knowledge of o uating Hypothesis. Prerequisite • Students show environment • Usage and ins: https://www.a • Should have th	arning techniques li problems on ANN, clustering and class uld be familiarized tallation of Anaconc	ke ANN approach, Bayesi Instance based learning a ification Algorithms for p about Python installat la should be introduced	and Reinforcement redictions and ion and setting Python
			py,pandas,scikit-learn and	
Sl. No.	PART A – List of pro		udent should develop pro Laboratory	ogram and execute in
		-S algorithm to ou	a examples stored in a .(htput a description of th	
2	Program: For a given	set of training data idate-Elimination a with the training ex		CSV file, implement and
3	Aim: To construct the concept. Program: Write a pro	Decision tree using gram to demonstra propriate data set	the training data sets un ate the working of the o for building the decision	decision tree based ID3
4	feed backward principle	e. rtificial Neural Ne	of Artificial Neural networ etwork by implementing riate data sets.	
	Text Book 1: Ch 4			

5	Aim: Demonstrate the text classifier using Naïve bayes classifier algorithm.
	Program: Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
	Text Book 1: Ch6
6	Aim: Demonstrate and Analyse the results sets obtained from Bayesian belief network Principle.
	Program:- Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Python ML library classes/API.
	Text Book 1: Ch 6
7	Aim: Implement and demonstrate the working model of K-means clustering algorithm with Expectation Maximization Concept.
	Program: Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8
8	Aim: Demonstrate and analyse the results of classification based on KNN Algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8
9	Aim: Understand and analyse the concept of Regression algorithm techniques.
	Program: Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.
	Text Book 1: Ch8
10	Aim: Implement and demonstrate classification algorithm using Support vector machine Algorithm.
	Program: Implement and demonstrate the working of SVM algorithm for classification.
	Text Book 2: Ch6
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
	PART B
	A problem statement for each batch is to begenerated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the Program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
	comes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:
	nderstand the Importance of different classification and clustering algorithms.
	emonstrate the working of various algorithms with respect to training and test data sets. ustrate and analyze the principles of Instance based and Reinforcement learning techniques.
	icit the importance and Applications of Supervised and unsupervised machine learning.
	ompare and contrast the Bayes theorem principles and Q learning approach.
	nt Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weight	tage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is
-	minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student
5570. 1110 1	passing mark for the one is to 70 or the maximum marks (20 marks). A student

shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Text Books:

- 1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Lerning", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. <u>Nello Cristianini, John Shawe-Taylor</u>, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines and Other Kernel-based Learning Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

Suggested Web Links / E Resource

- 1. <u>https://www.kaggle.com/general/95287</u>
- 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf

DATA VISUALIZATION			
Course Code 21AD71 CIE Marks 50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) 3:0:0:0 SEE Marks 50		50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100			
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03			

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Understand and use various plot types with Python
- CLO 2. Explore and work with different plotting libraries
- CLO 3. Create effective visualizations
- CLO 4. Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming and Web Service
- CLO 5. Exhibit the awareness of the importance and limitation of the exploratory data analysis paradigm

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1: Data Visualization and Data Exploration

Introduction: Data Visualization, Importance of Data Visualization, Data Wrangling, Tools and Libraries for Visualization

Overview of Statistics: Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion, Correlation, Types od Data, Summary Statistics

Numpy: Numpy Operations - Indexing, Slicing, Splitting, Iterating, Filtering, Sorting, Combining, and Reshaping

Pandas: Advantages of pandas over numpy, Disadvantages of pandas, Pandas operation - Indexing, Slicing, Iterating, Filtering, Sorting and Reshaping using Pandas

Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	5. PPT – Visualization tools	
Learning	6. Demonstration of operations on data	
Process		
Module-2: Plots		

Comparison Plots: Line Chart, Bar Chart and Radar Chart; Relation Plots: Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot,

Correlogram and Heatmap; **Composition Plots:** Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Venn Diagram; **Distribution Plots:** Histogram, Density Plot, Box Plot, Violin Plot; **Geo Plots:** Dot Map, Choropleth Map, Connection Map; What Makes a Good Visualization?

A Deep Dive into Matplotlib

Introduction, Overview of Plots in Matplotlib, **Pyplot Basics:** Creating Figures, Closing Figures, Format Strings, Plotting, Plotting Using pandas DataFrames, Displaying Figures, Saving Figures; **Basic Text and Legend**

Functions: Labels, Titles, Text, Annotations, Legends; **Basic Plots**:Bar Chart, Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Histogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot; **Layouts**: Subplots, Tight Layout, Radar Charts, GridSpec; **Images**: Basic Image Operations, Writing Mathematical Expressions

Text Book 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 3

Teaching-	3. PPT - Visualization techniques	
Learning	4. Demonstration of operations on plots using Matplotlib	
Process		
Module-3: Simplifying Visualizations using Seaborn		

Introduction, Advantages of Seaborn **Controlling Figure Aesthetics:** Seaborn Figure Styles, Removing Axes Spines, Contexts; **Color Palettes:** Categorical Color Palettes, Sequential Color Palettes, Diverging Color Palettes; **Interesting Plots in Seaborn:** Bar Plots, Kernel Density Estimation, Plotting Bivariate Distributions, Visualizing Pairwise Relationships, Violin Plots;

Text Book 1: Chapter 4

Teaching-	1. PPT - Visualization techniques
Learning	2. Demonstration of operations on plots using Seaborn
Process	

Module-4: Plotting Geospatial Data

Introduction, Geoplotlib, The Design Principles of Geoplotlib, Geospatial Visualizations, Tile Providers, Custom Layers, Introduction to Folium

Visualizing Data: Building a Google map from geocoded data, Visualizing networks and interconnection and Visualizing mail data

Making Things Interactive with Bokeh

Introduction, Bokeh, Concepts of Bokeh, Interfaces in Bokeh, Output, Bokeh Server, Presentation, Integrating, Adding Widgets

Text Book 1: Chapter5, Chapter 6

Teaching-	5. PPT - Visualization techniques	
Learning	6. Demonstration of operations using Geoplotlib	
Process		
Modulo E. Notworked Programs		

Module-5: Networked Programs

HyperText Transfer Protocol – HTTP, The World's Simplest Web Browser, Retrieving an image over HTTP, Retrieving web pages with urllib, Parsing HTML and scraping the web, Parsing HTML using regular expressions, Parsing HTML using BeautifulSoup, Reading binary files using urllib

Using Web Services

eXtensibleMarkup Language – XML, Parsing XML, Looping through nodes, JavaScript Object Notation – JSON, Parsing JSON

Text Book 2: Chapters 12 and Chapter 13

Teaching-	7. PPT – On web services, browsers, HTTP, HTML
Learning	8. Demonstration of parsing and looping - XML, JSON
Process	

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Demonstrate the data visualization techniques.
- CO 2. Analyze data represented in the form of graphs & charts
- CO 3. Experiment with different visualization tools
- CO 4. Identify geospatial data and interconnection of data.
- CO 5. Make use of the web for data extraction

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Data Visualization workshop, Tim Grobmann and Mario Dobler, Packt Publishing.
- 2. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3, Charles R. Severance, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 1st Edition, 2016

Reference:

- 1. "Data Visualization": A Successful Design Process, Kirk, Andy, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2012
- 2. Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist, Allen B. Downey, Green Tea Press, 2nd Edition, 2015
- 3. Interactive Data visualization for the Web, Murray, Scott, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2013
- 4. Visualizing Data: Exploring and Explaining Data with The Processing Environment, Fry, Ben, O'Reilly

Media, Inc., 2007

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eFByJkA3ti4
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhK2qVi5dC4</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UjYzNhBVIvY</u>
- 4. <u>http://book.visualisingdata.com/</u>
- 5. <u>https://matplotlib.org/</u>
- 6. <u>https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/</u>
- 7. https://www.tableau.com/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

CLOUD COMPUTING			
Course Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy 24 Total Marks 100			
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
- CLO 2. Introduce various models of cloud computing
- CLO 3. Introduction on how to design cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
- CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction's and Enabling Technologies and cloud security

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:

Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning				
	Module-2				
	acteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of				
Virtualization Techniques, Execution	on Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization,				
Virtualization and Cloud Computin	g, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples				
Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.	5				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning					
Module-3					
Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges					

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
	Module-4
Cloud Security: Risks, Top con	cern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM
	y shared images and management OS.
Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
Cloud Distance in Industry	Module-5
Cloud Platforms in Industry	pute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional
	Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model,
Observations.	mentecture and core concepts, appreation me cycle, cost model,
Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	9.2
Claud Ameliant's se	
Cloud Applications:	Care: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis fo
	atellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and
ERP, Social networking, media a	
ERF, Social networking, metha a	ppications.
Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1	ro 10.2
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
Course outcome (Course Skill	Set)
At the end of the course the stud	ent will be able to:
CO 1. Understand and analyze	e various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
CO 2. Illustrate various virtua	lization concepts.
	e, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
CO 4. Understand the Security	v aspects of CLOUD.
CO 5. Define platforms for dev	velopment of cloud applications
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject,
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester I	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester
	f the 10 th week of the semester
	the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	
-	
-	end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at th	ne end of 9 th week of the semester

5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:**

Textbooks

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

- 1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
- 2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
- 3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS			
Course Code	21AI731	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			

CLO 1. Understand Semantic Web for social network analysis.

CLO 2. Learn the Representation, Modelling and Aggregating social network data.

CLO 3. Learn the basic algorithms and techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.

CLO 4. Study Human behaviour in social networks and its management.

CLO 5. Visual representation of social network data in different applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 4.
- Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking 5. skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the 7. students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve 8. the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web - Emergence of the Social Web.

Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis.

Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities -Web-based networks.

Text book 1: Chapter1 - 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, Chapter2 - 2.2, 2.3, Chapter3 - 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning,	
Learning		
Process		
Module-2		

Module-2

Knowledge Representation on the Semantic Web: Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web - Ontology based knowledge Representation - Ontology languages for the Semantic Web - Resource Description Framework and schema - Web Ontology Language.

Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships -

Aggregating a	nd reasoning with social network data.				
	Chapter4 - 4.1(4.1.1), 4.2(4.2.1,4.2.2), Chapter5 - 5.1 to 5.4				
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
Learning					
Process	M I I A				
D	Module-3				
-	mmunities in social networks - Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods				
for community	y detection - Tools for detecting communities				
Decentralize	d online social networks - Introduction - Challenges for DOSN - The Case for Decentralizing				
	Il Purpose DOSNs - Specialized Application Centric DOSNs - Social Distributed Systems - Delay-				
Tolerant DOSI					
Text book 2:	Chapter 12 – 12.2 to 12.5, Chapter 17				
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration				
Learning					
Process					
	Module-4				
Understandi	ng and predicting human behaviour for social communities: User data management -				
Inference and	Distribution - Enabling new human experiences – The Technologies.				
	rust in Online Social Networks: Trust in online environment - Trust models based on				
	ic - Trust network analysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation - Trust				
derivation bas	ed on trust comparisons.				
Text book 2:	Chapter20 - 20.2, 20.3(20.3.1), Chapter22 – 22.3, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.9, 22.10				
Teaching-	Chalk & board, Problem based learning, MOOC				
Learning					
Process					
	Module-5				
Visualization	of Social Networks: Social Network Analysis - Visualization - Visualizing online social				
networks,					
	zations and Interactions for Social Networks Exploration: Visualizing social networks with				
matrix-based	representations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid representations.				
A	of Control Network Analysis Analysis of Control Network Analysis Convert astronomy				
Applications of Social Network Analysis: Applications of Social Network Analysis - Covert networks -					
Community w	elfare - Collaboration networks - Co-Citation networks.				
Text Book 2.	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7				
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC				
Learning					
Process					
Course Outco	mes				
	At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
CO 1. Understand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis.					
	CO 2. Understand the Representation , Modelling and Aggregating social network data.				
CO 3. Analy	se the human behaviour in social network.				
	CO 4. Apply techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.				
CO 5. Illustrate the visual representation of social network data.					
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)					
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The					

minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester -Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", First Edition, Springer 2007.
- 2. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", 1st Edition, Springer, 2010.

Reference:

- 1. Guandong Xu ,Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking Techniques and applications", First Edition Springer, 2011.
- 2. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively", IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
- 3. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, "Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modelling", IGI Global Snippet, 2009.

4. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, "The Social Semantic Web", Springer, 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IiUDKDxScxI</u>
- 2. http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/106106146/L21.html
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DTxE9KV3YrE
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MQsTxRMy3Xg
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQWoMRS5CGA
- 6. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs78/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	DIGITAL IMAGE	PROCESSING			
Course Code	21CS732	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Understand the fundation	mentals of digital i	mage processing			
CLO 2. Explain the image trar	-		rocessing		
CLO 3. Apply different image					
CLO 4. Evaluate image restor					
CLO 5. Understand the Morph	-	-			
imageprocessing		-	-		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	o accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course		
outcomes.					
1. Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	a traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative		
effective teaching meth	ods could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	ies.		
2. Use of Video/Animatio	n to explain function	oning of various concept	tS.		
3. Encourage collaborativ	e (Group Learning) Learning in the class.			
-	• • •	nking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes		
critical thinking.		0,1,,	, F		
-	earning (PBL), wh	nich fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop		
-	• • •	o design, evaluate, gener	-		
	-	o design, evaluate, gener	unize, una unaryze		
	information rather than simply recall it.				
-	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
-					
<u> </u>	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
-	• • • •		when that's possible, it		
helps improve the stud		-			
Distal Incore Frederic entels (AT)	Modu		6 Disital Incare Ducassing		
Digital Image Fundamentals: Wh					
Examples of fields that use DIP, Fur ProcessingSystem, Elements of Vis					
Quantization, Some Basic Relationsh					
	inpo Deenteenn men		sperationsi		
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapte	er 2: Sections 2.1	to 2.5, 2.6.2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Active Learning, Proble	m based learning		
reaching-hear ming i 100055	Modu				
Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intens			Processing Fundamentals of		
Spatial Filtering, SmoothingSpatial I			rocessing, rundamentals of		
Frequency Domain: Preliminary	Concepts The Div	screte FourierTransform	n (DFT) of Two Variables		
Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filterin	-		· ·		
UsingFrequency Domain Filters, Sel		,	5 0r6		
	-	atom A. Continue 4.0.4	to 1 10		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3					
Teaching-Learning Process		nd board, Active Learnin	g, Demonstration		
		ory Demonstration			
	Modu				
Restoration: Noise models, Resto	oration in the Pr	esence of Noise Onlyu	ising Spatial Filtering and		

Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
	Module-4
Color Image Processing : Color F Background, Multiresolution Expa	undamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets: ansions.
Morphological Image Processin Miss Transforms, Some Basic Mor	g : Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or- phological Algorithms.
<u>Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to</u> Teaching-Learning Process	6.3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5 1.Chalk& board
reaching-Learning Process	2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer
	method
	Module-5
Segmentation: Introduction, clas	sification of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of
	lough Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of
Representation and Description	n: Representation, Boundary descriptors.
	to 9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk and board, MOOC.
	2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation
Course Outcomes	algorithms
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:
	ntals of Digital Image Processing.
CO 2. Apply different Image tra	
CO 3. Analyze various image re	
CO 4. Understand colour image	and morphological processing
CO 5. Design image analysis an	nd segmentation techniques
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the acc course if the student secures not	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall b ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject cless than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examinatio 40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna-
	iu Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	:
	: s (duration 01 hour)
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark 1. First test at the end of 5 th	: s (duration 01 hour)
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	: s (duration 01 hour) week of the semester
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	: (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark First test at the end of 5th Second test at the end of Third test at the end of the Two assignments each of 10 Mark 	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester ks
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark First test at the end of 5th Second test at the end of 3. Third test at the end of the Two assignments each of 10 Mark First assignment at the end 	the 10 th week of the semester ks and of 4 th week of the semester
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark First test at the end of 5th Second test at the end of f Third test at the end of th Two assignments each of 10 Mar First assignment at the end Second assignment at the 	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester ks

Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016

Reference:

1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.

2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
- 2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc... using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

FL	ILLSTACK DEV	ELOPMENT				
Course Code	21AI733	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Explain the use of learning CLO 2.Make use of rapid application			ive web pages.			
CLO 3.Illustrate Models, Views a	-					
development.	ila rempiaceo wi					
CLO 4.Demonstrate the use of st	-					
CLO 5.Design and implement Dja		ning dynamic pages with S	SQL databases.			
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera	l Instructions)					
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.						
 Lecturer method (L) does not teaching methods may be add 			t different type of			
2. Show Video/animation films						
3. Encourage collaborative (Gro	-					
4. Ask at least three HOT (Highe		-	hich promotes critical			
thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learnin	ng (PBL), which fo	osters students' Analytica	ıl skills, develop			
thinking skills such as the abi simply recall it.	lity to evaluate, g	eneralize, and analyze inf	formation rather than			
	multiple represe	entation				
7. Show the different ways to so						
with their own creative ways						
8. Discuss how every concept ca		he real world - and when	that's possible, it helps			
improve the students' unders						
		Web Designing				
Web framework, MVC Design Pattern,			-			
Django URL Confs and Loose Coupling	, Errors in Djange	o, Wild Card patterns in U	IRLS.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 3						
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstrat	tion using Visual Studio C	ode			
		Presentation for Architect				
	Patterns		C			
	3. Live coding	of all concepts with simp	le examples			
Module	_	plates and Models	*			
Template System Basics, Using Django Template System, Basic Template Tags and Filters, MVT						
Development Pattern, Template Loadi		-	-			
Configuring Databases, Defining and						
Representations, Inserting/Updating data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution						
Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapter Teaching-Learning Process		tion using Visual Studio C	ode			
reaching-heat ining i 100055		Presentation for Architect				
	2. Pri/Fiezii	resentation for Architect	ture and Design			
		of all concepts with simp	le evamples			
	J. Live counig	or an concepts with simp	ne enumpies			

	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket
	Booking System
	: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms
Activating Admin Interfaces, Usin Admin Interfaces.	g Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use
Form Processing, Creating Feed Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including	back forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Other URLConfs.
Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8	l de la constante de
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
Module-4:	Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Using Generic Views, Generic View Views.	ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic
framework, Cookies, Sessions, Us	
Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Teaching-Learning Process	12 1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student
	Admission Management.
Module	-5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django
Ajax Solution, Java Script, XHTM	LHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7	
Teaching-Learning Process	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for
	development of EMI calculator.
Course outcome (Course Skill S	
At the end of the course the stude	-
	of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
-	Forms for rapid development of web pages.
	late Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web
••	ork libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
	AX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)

50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
- 2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

- 1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
- 2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
- 3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
- 4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.
- 5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications,

2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>
- 2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>
- 3. Model Forms with Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE</u>
- 4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>
- 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

		BLOCKCHAIN T	ECHNOLOGY	
Course Code		21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy40Total Marks100				
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 Teaching-L These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3.	Lecturer method (L) meffective teaching method Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaboration	in bitcoin <u>m platform</u> eral Instructions) teachers can use to eed not to be only a hods could be adop on to explain functio ve (Group Learning	accelerate the attainment traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep) Learning in the class.	ent of the various course hod, but alternative nes. ts.
4. 5. 6. 7.	critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based design thinking skills s information rather tha Introduce Topics in ma Show the different way	Learning (PBL), wh such as the ability to in simply recall it. anifold representat ys to solve the same	e problem with differen	alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and
8. Blockchaii	Discuss how every con helps improve the stuc	cept can be applied dents' understandir Modu l	ng. I e-1	to solve them. when that's possible, it on to blockchain, Types of
Decentrali Routes to de	, CAP theorem and bloc zation and Cryptograp ecentralization, Decentr 1: Chapter 1, 2	hy: Decentralizatio	n using blockchain, Met	chain. hods of decentralization,
	earning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning – Oral p	resentations.
5		Modu		
Data Structo	on to Cryptography & C ures, Digital Signatures, In Achieves Decentraliz , Incentives and proof of	C ryptocurrencies: Public Keys as Iden zation: Distributed	Cryptographic Hash Fu tities, A Simple Cryptoc consensus, Consensus	-
Textbook 2	2: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, D	emonstration	
		Modu	le-3	
	of Bitcoin: Bitcoin trans network, Limitations ar	sactions, Bitcoin Sc		tcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks,
How to Sto	re and Use Bitcoins: Si	mple Local Storage	, Hot and Cold Storage, S	Splitting and Sharing Keys,

Online Wallets and Exchanges, Pa	ment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets				
Textbook2: Chapter 3,4					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC				
	Module-4				
Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bitco	n miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining				
pools, Mining incentives and strat	egies,				
Bitcoin and Anonymity: Anonym	ity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing,				
Zerocoin and Zerocash,					
Textbook2: Chapter 5,6					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC				
	Module-5				
Smart Contracts and Ethereum					
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricar	dian contracts.				
	ereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled				
contracts.					
Textbook 1: Chapter 10					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration				
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:				
	Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain				
	Cryptography and its role in Blockchain				
	ks and applications of Blockchain				
CO 4. Appreciate the technolog					
CO 5. Appreciate and demonstrate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.					
Assessment Details (both CIE an					
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be					
The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/					
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er					
Continuous Internal Evaluation	, .				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark					
1. First test at the end of 5 th					
	he 10 th week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Marl					
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester					
 First assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 					
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20					
Marks (duration 01 hours)					
6. At the end of the 13^{th} week	k of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assign	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 m					
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).					
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy					

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/? ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/</u>
- 3. <u>https://ethereum.org/en/developers/</u>
- 4. <u>https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/</u>

		INTERNET C	OF THINGS	
Course Code	9	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
-	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5	 their characteristics. Understand the recent ap Understand the protocol Understand the other ass IoT. Improve their knowledge machine learning application 	oplication doma s and standards sociated technol e about the vario tions.	ins of IoT in everyday li designed for IoT and th ogies like cloud and fog ous cutting-edge techno	e current research on it. computing in the domain of
CLO U	orient towards the prese			ii teeninques useu iii ioi to
Teaching-L	earning Process (Genera			
These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Example Strategies, which teal Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lead design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	not to be only a s could be adop o explain functio Group Learning igher order Thir rning (PBL), wh n as the ability to imply recall it. Fold representat o solve the same o come up with t ot can be applied ts' understandir	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept) Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c hich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with different heir own creative ways I to the real world - and ng.	chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu		
Technologie	of IoT: Introduction, Eve s, IoT Networking Compor : Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5			omplex Interdependence of
	-	alk and board. A	ctive Learning, Problem	n based learning
	6 0m	Modu	-	0
Types, Sensi	g and Actuation: Introduct ing Considerations, Actuato : Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.9	tion, Sensors, Se	nsor Characteristics, Se	nsorial Deviations, Sensing istics.
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
-		Modu	le-3	
	sing Topologies and Type IoT Device Design and Sele		-	

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 – 6.1 to 6.5					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration					
	Module-4				
IoT Connectivity Technologies	Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A,				
, e	, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth				
Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7	.16				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning				
	Module-5				
IoT Communication Technolog	ies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data				
Protocols, Identification Protocols	, Device Management, Semantic Protocols				
IoT Interoperability: Introduction	n, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks				
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2					
Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC				
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the studen					
	of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.				
CO 2. Analyze various sensing c CO 3. Demonstrate the processi					
CO 4. Apply different connectiv	8				
	cation technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.				
Assessment Details (both CIE an					
-	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.				
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination					
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal					
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En					
Continuous Internal Evaluation					
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	s (duration 01 hour)				
1. First test at the end of 5 th	• •				
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 					
	e 15 th week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Marl	KS				
_	d of 4 th week of the semester				
-	end of 9 th week of the semester				
6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three					
suitably planned to attain	the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)				
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks					
and will be scaled down to 50 marks					
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).					
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy					
as per the outcome defined for the course.					
Semester End Examination:					
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question					
papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)					
1. The question paper will have	ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.				

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

Reference:

- 1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
- 2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
- 3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

Course Code		AUGMENTE	D REALITY			
course cou	е	21AI741	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching He	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
	otal Hours of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100					
Credits						
	rning Objectives					
CLO 1.	Understand the imp	-	•			
CLO 2.	Understand and analyse the importance of Tracking system.					
CLO 3.	Compare and contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality and its applications					
CLO 4.	Analyse and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.					
CLO 5.	Acquire knowledge		ation			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gener	al Instructions)				
These are sa	ample Strategies, which te	eachers can use to a	accelerate the attainment	of the various course		
outcomes.						
1.	Lecturer method (L) nee	eds not to be only t	he traditional lecture me	thod, but alternative effective		
	teaching methods could					
2.	Use of Video/Animation	-		ots.		
3.	Encourage collaborative	-	-			
4.	-	• • •	-	ss, which promotes critical		
	thinking.					
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design					
01	-		•			
	thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.					
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.					
0. 7.						
/.	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to some up with their own creative ways to solve them.					
8.	the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.					
0.	Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.					
	inipiove the students un	Modu	1. 1			
T			16-1			
	on to Augmented Reality	7		eality Evamples		
What Is Aug	gmented Reality - Defining	, gaugmented reality	y, history of augmented r			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual	, gaugmented reality	y, history of augmented r	eality, Examples, cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mu Text book	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu <u>Text book</u> Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mo Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2	y g augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning			
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ	g augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: 7	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy Text book	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y gaugmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning Process	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3 Chalk and board, Activ	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion nstration	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning Process Computer	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo Modu eality-Marker Trac	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion nstration le-3 cking, Multiple-Camera Ir	chnology, Stationary		

Text book 1:	Chapter 4,5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
	e nce: Registration, Photometric Registration, Common Illumination, Diminished Reality, ation, Stylized Augmented Reality
Text book 1:	Chapter 6
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
	alization: Challenges, Visualization Registration, Annotations and Labeling, X-Ray
	Spatial Manipulation, Information Filtering
Interaction-Ot	itput Modalities, Input Modalities, Tangible Interfaces
Text Book 1:	Chapter 7,8
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC
Learning	
Process	
Course Outco	mes
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
CO1:Understa	nd the importance of Augmented reality
CO2: Compreh	end and analyse the Tracking system.
CO3: Compare	and Contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality
-	and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.
-	knowledge of Situated Visualization
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)
minimum pas have satisfied student secur minimum of 4	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a 0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE I Examination) taken together
Continuous I	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
1. First	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester
	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignme	ents each of 10 Marks
4 First	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester
	d assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01	
	e end of the 13 th week of the semester ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and

will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Augmented Reality: Principles and Practice by Dieter SCHMALSTIEG, Tobias HOLLERER **Reference:**

- 1. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494
- 2. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0
- 3. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development||, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

e-Books:

- 1. https://www.vttresearch.com/sites/default/files/pdf/science/2012/S3.pdf
- 2. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/mixed-reality/
- 3. https://docs.microsoft.com/enus/archive/msdnmagazine/2016/november/hololensintroduction-to-the-hololens

	MULTIAGEN	T SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS742	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. To introduce the conc	ept of a multi agent	systems and Distributed	l Constraints		
CLO 2. Explore the main issu			form games.		
CLO 3. Develop cooperative l					
CLO 4. Exhibit the awareness		out multi agent resource	e allocation and auctions		
CLO 5. Construct voting mec	-				
Teaching-Learning Process (Ger	eral Instructions)				
These are comple Strategies which		a a calenata tha attainm	ant of the mariane service		
These are sample Strategies, which outcomes.	i teachers can use to	accelerate the attaining	ent of the various course		
			h - d h		
	•	a traditional lecture met			
		ted to attain the outcom			
-	-	oning of various concept	ES.		
-		g) Learning in the class.			
 Ask at least three HO' critical thinking. 	Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.				
_	-				
-	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze				
	information rather than simply recall it.				
	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
-	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
		heir own creative ways			
-	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
helps improve the stu					
		Problem Formulation			
Utility, Markov Decision Processes	-				
Distributed Constraints: Distribu	-	faction. Distributed Con	straint Optimization		
		,			
Textbook 1: Chapters 1 &2, Text	book 2: Chapter 1				
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Dec	ision Processes, Plannin	g		
	2. Demonstr	ation of constraints and	their optimization		
Modul	e-2: Standard and	Extended Form Games			
Games in Normal Form, Games in I	Extended Form, Self	-interested agents, Char	acteristic Form Games,		
Coalition Formation					
Textbook 1: Chapters 3 & 4, Tex	tbook 2: Chapter 3				
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Gan	nes in different forms			
	2. Demonstr	ation of coalition formation	tion		
Мос	lule-3: Learning in	Multiagent Systems			
The Machine Learning Problem,	-		Stochastic Games, Genera		
Theories for Learning Agents, Coll	-	,	·		
	-				

	-	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	8,
	2.	Demonstration of stochastic games
		lodule-4: Negotiation
		ncession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc
Negotiation Strategies, The Task A Protocols for Multiagent Resour		ration: Auctions: Simple Auctions, Combinatorial Auctions
Trotocols for Multiagent Resour	ce Anoc	actori, Auctoris, Simple Auctoris, combinatorial Auctoris
Textbook 1: Chapters 6&7,		
Textbook 2: Chapter 11		
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	PPT – Bargaining problems
	2.	Demonstration of different auctions for resource allocation
		Voting and Mechanism Design
-	Design.	Nature-Inspired Approaches: Ants and Termites, Immune
System		
Textbook 1: Chapters 8&10,		
Textbook 2: Chapter 10 Teaching-Learning Process	1.	PPT – Voting Problem
reaching-Learning rrocess	1. 2.	Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches
Course Outcomes	۷.	Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches
At the end of the course the studen	t will be	a able to:
CO 1. Demonstrate the decision		
CO 2. Analyze games in differen	-	with unterent constraints
CO 3. Apply the cooperative lear		developing games
CO 4. Analyze different negotiat	-	
CO 5. Design and develop soluti		
Assessment Details (both CIE an		
The weightage of Continuous Inter	nal Eva	luation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
The minimum passing mark for t	he CIE i	s 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
deemed to have satisfied the aca	demic r	equirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
course if the student secures not	less tha	n 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	0 marks	s out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	d Exami	nation) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(durat	ion 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	week of	the semester
2. Second test at the end of t		
3. Third test at the end of the		eek of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Mark		
4. First assignment at the en		
5. Second assignment at the		
	ny one c	of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $ { m for} {f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 th week		
The sum of three tests, two assignments	nents a	nd quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 ma	rks	
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	rks tion of tl	ne syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
(to have less stressed CIE, the por methods of the CIE. Each method	rks tion of tl of CIE sl	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course).
(to have less stressed CIE, the por- methods of the CIE. Each method CIE methods /question papers a	rks tion of th of CIE sl tre desi	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course). gned to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as
(to have less stressed CIE, the por methods of the CIE. Each method	rks tion of th of CIE sl tre desi	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course). gned to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos'e M. Vidal, 2006, available online <u>http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf</u>.
- 2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2nded <u>http://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf</u>

Reference:

1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial Intelligence Gerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=02su1u2AXG0.
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/modeling-simulation-natural-processes/multi-agentsystems-kAKyC

Total Hours Credits	urs/Week (L:T:P: S)	21CS743	CIE M	larks	FO	
Total Hours Credits	, , ,			laiks	50	
Credits		3:0:0:0	SEE M	Iarks	50	
	of Pedagogy	40	Total	Marks	100	
Course Lear		3	Exam	Hours	3	
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3.	ming Objectives Understand the fundam Know the theory behind Illustrate the strength a Introduce major deep left 	l Convolutional nd weaknesses	Neural Netw of many pop	ular deep learr	ing approach	
CLO 5.	solve real world proble . Learn the open issues in	ms. 1 deep learning,	and have a g	_		
Teaching-Le	earning Process (Gener	al Instructions)			
outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	mple Strategies, which te Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching metho Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (I critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Le design thinking skills sud information rather than Introduce Topics in man Show the different ways encourage the students to Discuss how every conce helps improve the stude	d not to be only ds could be ado to explain funct (Group Learnin Higher order Thi earning (PBL), w ch as the ability simply recall it. ifold representa to solve the sam to come up with ept can be applie	a traditiona pted to attai ioning of var g) Learning inking) ques chich fosters to design, ev tions. ne problem v their own cr ed to the real	l lecture metho n the outcomes rious concepts. in the class. tions in the clas students' Analy valuate, general with different c reative ways to	d, but alterna s, which pro ytical skills, d ize, and analy ircuits/logic a solve them.	ative motes levelop yze and
	nelps improve the stude		0			
· · · · ·		Modu		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Machine Unsupervise Textbook 1:	n to Deep Learning: Intr Learning Basics: d Learning Algorithms. : Chapter1 – 1.1, 1.2, 5.1	Learning Al	gorithms,	Supervised	Learning	Algorithms,
Teaching-Le	earning Process C	halk and board,	Active Learn	ning, Problem b	ased learning	5
		Modu	ule-2			
Propagation	d Networks: Introduction and Other Differentiation					arning, Back-
	: Chapter 6, 7					
Teaching-Le	earning Process C	halk and board,		ning, Demonstra	ation	
Optimization Algorithms v	on for Training Deep M n, Basic Algorithms: S with Adaptive Learning R ization Algorithm.	tochastic Gradi	al Risk Mini ient Descen	it, Parameter	Initialization	n Strategies,

Textbook 1: Chapter: 8.1-8.5		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-4		

Convolutional Networks: The Convolution Operation, Pooling, Convolution and Pooling as an Infinitely Strong Prior, Variants of the Basic Convolution Function, Structured Outputs, Data Types, Efficient Convolution Algorithms, Random or Unsupervised Features- LeNet, AlexNet.

Textbook 1: Chapter: 9.1-9.9.

Module-5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		

Recurrent and Recursive Neural Networks: Unfolding Computational Graphs, Recurrent Neural Network, Bidirectional RNNs, Deep Recurrent Networks, Recursive Neural Networks, The Long Short-Term Memory and Other Gated RNNs.

Applications: Large-Scale Deep Learning, Computer, Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing and Other Applications.

Textbook 1: Chapter: 10.1-10.3, 10.5, 10.6, 10.10, 12.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

CO1: Understand the fundamental issues and challenges of deep learning data, model selection, model complexity etc.,

CO2: Describe various knowledge on deep learning and algorithms

CO3: Apply CNN and RNN model for real time applications

CO4: Identify various challenges involved in designing and implementing deep learning algorithms.

CO5: Relate the deep learning algorithms for the given types of learning tasks in varied domain

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016.

Reference:

- 1. Bengio, Yoshua. "Learning deep architectures for AI." Foundations and trends in Machine Learning, 2009.
- 2. N.D.Lewis, "Deep Learning Made Easy with R: A Gentle Introduction for Data Science", January 2016.
- 3. Nikhil Buduma, "Fundamentals of Deep Learning: Designing Next-Generation Machine Intelligence Algorithms", O'Reilly publications.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://faculty.iitmandi.ac.in/~aditya/cs671/index.html</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106184/</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7x2YZhEj9Dw</u>

ROBOTIC PROCES	SS AUTOMATIO	N DESIGN AND DEVE	CLOPMENT
Course Code	21CS744	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. To understand basic co CLO 2. To Describe RPA, when CLO 3. To Describe the differe CLO 4. To Understand Image, CLO 5. To Describe various ty Teaching-Learning Process (General These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes.	e it can be applied nt types of variabl Text and Data Tab pes of Exceptions ral Instructions)	les, Control Flow and da les Automation and strategies to handle	ta manipulation techniques
 Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than Introduce Topics in mat Show the different way encourage the students Discuss how every conor helps improve the stude 	ods could be adop a to explain function e (Group Learning Higher order Thir earning (PBL), wh ach as the ability to a simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the same to come up with t rept can be applied ents' understandir <u>Modul</u> lavors of RPA- His and BPA – Consun Vs. the Cloud- We	ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep) Learning in the class. aking) questions in the class of the fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways I to the real world - and ag. Ie-1 story of RPA- The Bene mer Willingness for Aut	nes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them. when that's possible, it fits of RPA- The downsides omation- The Workforce of nming Languages and Low
Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cog Flowcharts. Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2	nitive Automation	n-Agile, Scrum, Kanbaı	n and Waterfall0 DevOps-
	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, Problem	ı based learning
	Modu		
RPA Platforms- Components of R	PA- RPA Platforn	ns-About Ui Path- Abo	ut UiPath - The future of
automation - Record and Play - Do Task recorder - Step-by-step exampl	-	-	Learning Ui Path Studio
Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Demons	stration
	Modu		
Sequence, Flowchart, and Contro	-	-	
	Chaine 1	1	nd Flowchart-Step-by-step

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).

Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	

Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.

Textbook 2: Ch 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
	Module-5

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA

Textbook 2: Ch 8 Textbook 1: Ch 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	

Course Outcomes

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA

- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
- 2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

- 1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
- 2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
- 3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

NOSQL DATABASE			
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Active learning

Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums.

Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes **Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6**

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and Demonstrations
	Module-3

Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce

Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets

Textbook1: Chapter 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process Active Learning, Problem solving based	
Module-4	

Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

Textbook1: Chapter 9

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning			
Module-5				

Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

Textbook1: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	

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At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases,

Document databases, Graph databases.

CO2. Use the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases.

CO3. Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL.

CO4. Develop various applications using NoSQL databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

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- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

Reference Books

- 1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)
- 2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
- 3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/(and related links in the page)</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained)</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL)</u>
- 5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Real world problem solving using group discussion.

		PROGRAMMIN	G IN PYTHON	
Course Code	e	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 1	. To understand why Py	thon is a useful sci	ripting language for dev	elopers
	2. To read and write sim			1
	B. To learn how to identif			
CLO 4	. To learn how to write	functions and pass	arguments in Python.	
CLO 5	5. To use Python data str	uctures –- lists, tuj	ples, dictionaries.	
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
These are sa	ample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.				
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
	effective teaching meth	ods could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	ies.
2.	Use of Video/Animation	n to explain functio	oning of various concep	ts.
3.	Encourage collaborativ	e (Group Learning) Learning in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
	critical thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop
	design thinking skills su	ich as the ability to	o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
	information rather than	simply recall it.		
6.	Introduce Topics in ma	nifold representat	ions.	
7.	Show the different way	-		t circuits/logic and
	encourage the students		-	
8.	-	-	•	when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stud	• • •		r r r r r r r
	- r - r	Modu	*	
INTRODUC	TION DATA, EXPRESSIO	DNS, STATEMENT	S:08 Hours	
				rminology: Interpreter and
			ypes: Int, float, Boolea	n, string, and list, variables
expressions	, statements, Operators a	and operands.		
	: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.	6, Chapter 2.1-2.6	5	
	: Chapter 1		A T	
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board,		
		Modu	le-2	
	FLOW, LOOPS:	oratora condition	al (if) alternative (if al	a) chained conditional (if
	eration: while, for, break			e), chained conditional (if-
Textbook 1	: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chap	ter 5		
	earning Process	Chalk and board,	Active Learning, Demo	nstration
		Modu	le-3	
	S AND STRINGS:			
Functions F	Function calls, adding new	w functions, defini	tion and uses, local and	global scope, return values

Functions: Function calls, adding new functions, definition and uses, local and global scope, return values. Strings: strings, length of string, string slices, immutability, multiline comments, string functions and methods;

Textbook 1: Chapter 6				
Textbook 2: Chapter 3				
Feaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
	Module-4			
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08	3 Hours			
Lists: List operations, list slices, list list comprehension;	methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters,			
Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as	return value, tuple comprehension;			
Dictionaries: operations and meth	ods, comprehension;			
Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning			
	Module-5			
REGULAR EXPRESSIONS, FILES AN				
Regular expressions: Character expressions, Escape character	matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regular			
Files and exception: Text files, rea	ding and writing files, command line arguments, errors and exceptions,			
handling exceptions, modules.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11 Textbook 2: Chapter 14	1.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Suggested Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the studen	t will be able to:			
CO 1. Understand Python syntax	and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and			
functions.	,			
CO 2. Demonstrate proficiency in	n handling Strings and File Systems.			
	using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries.			
CO 4. Read and write data from/				
Assessment Details (both CIE and	-			
The minimum passing mark for the deemed to have satisfied the acade course if the student secures not 1 (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination D marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal d Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)				
1. First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester				
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Marks				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester				
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks				
(duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13 th week	a of the semester			
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours) 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Textbooks Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, 1. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN us/pythonlearn.pdf 2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17) http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 1. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech 2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson 3 Python Programming, Reema theraja, OXFORD publication Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. <u>https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php</u> 2. https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/ 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs</u> 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW80YM 6. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68</u> 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-7o

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

IN	TRODUCTION TO	AI AND ML	
Course Code	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO1. Understands the basics of AI, solving CLO2. Explore the basics of Machine CLO3. Understand the Working of A	e Learning & Machir rtificial Neural Net	ne Learning process,	
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera	Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainme	ent of the various course
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a tra	ditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
effective teaching method			
2. Use of Video/Animation t	-		
3. Encourage collaborative (•	0	
4. Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking.		•	lass, which promotes
 Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s 	n as the ability to de		
6. Introduce Topics in manif			
-	-		circuits (logic and
encourage the students to	come up with their	own creative ways	to solve them.
 Discuss how every concept helps improve the studen 		the real world - and	when that's possible, it
	Module-1		
Introduction: What is AI, The foundat Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environ Environments, the structure of Agents.	nments, Good Beha	-	
Textbook 1: Chapter: 1 and 2	<u> </u>		
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Prob	lem based learning
	Module-2		
Problem solving by searching: Pro Uniformed search strategies, Informed			is, Searching for solutions,
Textbook 1: Chapter: 3			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Demo	onstration
	Module-3		
Introduction to machine learning: Machine Learning in relation to other Machine Learning process, Machine Learning	fields, Types of Mac	hine Learning. Chall	
Understanding Data: What is data, analytics framework, Descriptive statis			
Textbook 2: Chapter: 1 and 2.1 to 2.	5		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, P Module-4	roblem based learnii	ng, Demonstration

Understanding Data

Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics, Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques,

Basics of Learning Theory: Introduction to learning and its types, Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning.

Similarity-based learning: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning, weighted k-Nearest - Neighbour algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network, learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map,

Textbook 2: Chapter: 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
 - Challenges of machine learning
- CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
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Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

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Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709

2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

- 1. <u>http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e</u> <u>books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.ht</u> m
- 2. Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSH_cH</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. <u>https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 9. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

Γ	NTRODUCTION	TO BIG DATA		
Course Code 21CS753 CIE Marks 50				
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits				
Course Learning Objectives				
 CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Di CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools a CLO 3. Appraise the role of da CLO 4. Identify various Text M Teaching-Learning Process (General These are sample Strategies, which t outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching methol 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su 	and manage Hadoo ta mining and its a <u>lining techniques</u> ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop a to explain functio e (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh	op with Sqoop applications across indu- accelerate the attainment traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep) Learning in the class. aking) questions in the class.	ent of the various course chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop	
 information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 				
	Modul	le-1		
Hadoop Distributed file system:HI Hadoop MapReduce Framework: 7 Programming	-	-		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr	Challs and heard	Astivo Looming Duchl	an based learning	
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Proble	enn baseu real ning	
Module-2 Essential Hadoop Tools:Using apache Pig, Using Apache Hive, Using Apache Sqoop, Using Apache Apache Flume, Apache H Base Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board.	Active Learning, Demo	nstration	
	Modul			
Data Warehousing: Introduction, Design Consideration, DW Development Approaches, DW Architectures Data Mining: Introduction, Gathering, and Selection, data cleaning and preparation, outputs ofData Mining, Data Mining Techniques				
Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration				
Teaching-Learning Process			g, Demonstration	
Module-4				

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

Regressions: Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

Web Mining: Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

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Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.			
The stu	The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module		
Textbo	Textbooks		
1.	Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the		
	Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education,2016.		
2.	Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education,2017		
Weblir	iks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):		
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/		
2.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU		
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g		
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA		
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g		
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0		
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE		
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning			
Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects			
Exploring the applications which involves big data.			

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE			
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives	·		
CLO 1. To provide a foundation i CLO 2. To familiarize data science		-	
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data)	
		and time applications	
	CLO 4. To analyze the data science applicability in real time applications. Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainment o	of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a tra	ditional lecture method,	but alternative
effective teaching method	s could be adopted	to attain the outcomes.	
2. Use of Video/Animation to	o explain functionin	g of various concepts.	
3. Encourage collaborative (-		
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi		-	, which promotes
critical thinking.	0		
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PBL), which	fosters students' Analyti	ical skills, develop
design thinking skills such		-	-
information rather than si	-		-,
6. Introduce Topics in manif			
7. Show the different ways to	-		cuits/logic and
encourage the students to	-		
8. Discuss how every concep	-	-	
helps improve the student			
	Module-1		
PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA	AND KNOWLEDGE		
Philosophies of data science - Data	ence in a big data w	orld - Benefits and uses	s of data science and big
data - facts of data: Structured data, Un			
Image and video streaming data -			
Programming framework, Data Integra			
Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools,	System Deploymen	t, Service programming	and Security.
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, PPT Base	ed presentation
-	Module-2		
THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Over	view of the data	science process- defini	ng research goals and
creating project charter, retrieving da	ta, cleansing, integi	rating and transforming	g data, exploratory data
analysis, Build the models, presenting findings and building application on top of them.			
Textbook 1:,Ch 2			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, PPT Base	ed presentation
	Module-3		
MACHINE LEARNING: Application for machine learning in data science- Tools used in machine learning-			
Modeling Process – Training model – Validating model – Predicting new observations – Types of machine learning Algorithm : Supervised learning algorithms, Unsupervised learning algorithms.			
וכמי הווה הובטי זכוווו . סערכו עופר עופרע וכמי הווה מוצטי ונוווה, טוופערט עופר עופר ווווצ מוצטי ונווווס.			
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video	
	Module-4	
VISUALIZATION –Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce –		
Dashboard development tools.		
Textbook 1: Ch 9		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC	
	Module-5	
CASE STUDIES Distributing data store	age and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk	
when lending money.		
Touthook 1. Ch F 1 F 2		
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video	
Course Outcomes	chaik and board, Active Learning, 11 1 Dased presentation, video	
At the end of the course the student w	rill be able to:	
CO 1. Describe the data science terr		
CO 2. Apply the Data Science proce		
CO 3. Analyze data visualization to		
CO 4. Apply Data storage and proce		
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	-	
	l Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End E: Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	uration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of 5 th wee	-	
2. Second test at the end of the f		
3. Third test at the end of the 15		
Two assignments each of 10 Marks		
4. First assignment at the end of	f 4 th week of the semester	
5. Second assignment at the end		
•	one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks	
(duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 th week of	the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignmen	nts, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 marks	5	
(to have less stressed CIE, the portior	of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for the course.		
Semester End Examination:		
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question		
papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)		
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.		
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a menumer of 2 sub-superior and a start and		
maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.		
The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module		

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- 4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg</u>
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.